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MEETING ISRAEL'S NEEDS
THROUGH THE JEWISH AGENCY
UNITED ISRAEL APPEAL
KEREN HAYESOD



"The key
in the hands of
the Jewish people"

65 die in Beirut militia battle

BEIRUT (UPI). — The private armies of Lebanon's two leading Christian warlords clashed with machineguns and grenades on the streets of East Beirut yesterday in a power struggle that claimed 57 lives and threatened to engulf the country in another round of civil strife.

Before the inter-faction Christian battle in their half of the divided capital, rival Muslim gangs battled for control of West Beirut's east port district of Ain Mreissa. Three people were killed and 17 wounded in the intra-Muslim clash, which kept West Beirut residents up much of the night with the thunder of mortars and the crackle of automatic weapons.

Police sources said Christian militiamen from the Phalangist Party of President Elias Hrawi and the National Liberal Party of Camille Chamoun engaged in mutual kidnappings and running street battles throughout east Beirut.

At least 65 persons were killed and 55 wounded in the fighting which involved machineguns, mortars and rocket-propelled grenades.

The shooting began yesterday morning when Phalangist

militiamen tried to take control of the National Liberal-controlled port of Safra, 20 km. north of Beirut. In the ensuing gunfight the Safra home of National Liberal commander Dany Chamoun was attacked. His wife and daughter were injured and briefly taken captive by Phalangists.

Police sources said fighting between the two groups, who were allies during the 1975-76 civil war against the Muslim-Palestinian alliance, quickly spread from Safra to east Beirut, where they have offices in every neighbourhood.

Gunmen from each party set up checkpoints in their areas and demanded motorists identify to which militia they are loyal. Scores of people were believed to have been kidnapped in the clashes which also comprised the Christian villages just north of Beirut — Amchit, Ajaltoun and Jouniya.

A distraught Chamoun, in a telephone interview with UPI, said, "The Phalangists are trying to establish their control over all the Christian areas. There is fighting all over Beirut, and we have called

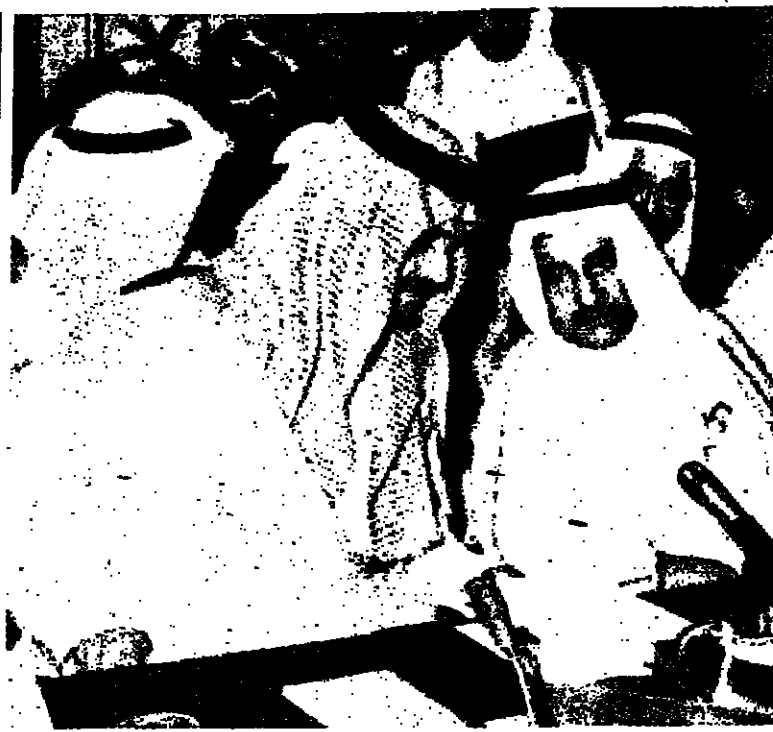
for the Lebanese army to come in." Contacts between the Chamoun and Gemayel clans, who dominate their respective militias, began during the afternoon and appeared to help ease the scope of the fighting in most areas.

A contingent of Lebanese army regulars established a buffer zone between the two militia factions in Beirut's southeastern suburbs of Wadi Shahrour and Betsal over the weekend after three days of heavy fighting.

The Phalangists and National Liberals are the main partners in the Lebanese front — an alliance of Christian groups opposed to the Palestinian terrorist presence.

The inter-Christian clashes came hours after Syrian troops of the Arab League kept forces from intervening in the city's predominantly Muslim half between rival leftist militia groups.

Police said three persons were killed and 16 others wounded in fighting between militiamen from the Arab Socialist Union and the Mourabitoun — two of the dozen leftist groups which share control of the streets of west Beirut.



The Saudi delegation at the Arab foreign and economics ministers' conference yesterday at the Amman Hilton.

(UPI telephoto)

Egypt: What happened in U.S. under wraps

By JONATHAN WRIGHT
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

CAIRO. — The Egyptian Foreign Ministry believes Egypt and Israel reached "some kind of undisclosed understanding" in Washington last week on the two issues that caused President Anwar Sadat to suspend the autonomy talks two months ago — Israel's settlement policy and the basic law on the status and indivisibility of Jerusalem.

A ministry official said yesterday the U.S. had played an important role in reaching the understanding, but because Egyptian Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali and his staff are still abroad, he was unable to give any details.

There was no indication of such an understanding in the public statements made by Ali and Interior Minister Yusef Burg. The talks in Washington resulted in

agreement to resume negotiations on autonomy in Cairo on Thursday. The U.S. Embassy spokesman in Cairo said he had not been briefed on the Washington talks and had no information.

Before leaving for Washington Ali had made it clear that only an Israeli commitment not to change the status quo in the occupied territories could persuade Egypt to continue negotiating with Israel.

On the eve of the Washington talks, the passage through a Knesset committee of the Jerusalem bill led to speculation that the talks would be tougher than they in fact turned out to be.

The Egyptian official said Israel's actions over the next few weeks would show whether it intended to keep to the terms of the undisclosed understanding.

Autonomy resumption delayed to next week

Post Diplomatic Correspondent

The autonomy negotiations will resume in Cairo early next week, Foreign Ministry officials announced yesterday.

The resumption had originally been set for this Thursday, with Justice Minister Shmuel Tamir and Egyptian Minister of State Butros Ghali resuming meetings of their legal affairs subcommittee. But Egyptian officials said yesterday that Ghali would be unable to attend on Thursday, and requested a few days postponement.

Officials here, taking their cue from Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir, said they accepted at face value Egypt's explanation that technical reasons had caused the delay.

There is a strong feeling among the Israeli negotiators that Egypt has been foot-dragging in the negotiations, and intends to continue doing so until after the U.S. presidential elections. But officials say Egypt exercises far more refined and sophisticated methods of foot-dragging than the wilful postponement of a meeting scheduled to mark the resumption of the talks after two months of suspension.

Israeli officials say Egypt's unhurried approach to the talks contrasts with an apparent American desire to make haste — and achieve at least a modicum of progress before the election. The Israeli officials maintain that Israel, too, is anxious to press ahead with the talks and chalk up substantive progress soon.

The U.S. desire to show some success was evidenced during the Linowitz-Burg-Ali talks in Washington last week, when the U.S. mediator revived the idea of drafting a document of agreed principles.

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PLO loses in bid to close bridges over Jordan river

Jerusalem Post Staff

A proposal by the Palestine Liberation Organization to close the bridges between Jordan and the West Bank was defeated yesterday by a majority of Arab states taking part in an Arab League foreign and economic ministers conference in Amman.

Reports from Amman said that the PLO motion was turned down on the insistence of Jordan, which argued that the inhabitants of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip must not be cut off from the East Bank and from other Arab land.

The PLO had proposed closing down the Allenby and Damiya spans, claiming that the territories were being exploited as an economic crossroad between the

Arab states and Israel. But Jordan warned that the West Bankers and Gazans might turn to Egypt, whose borders with Israel are now open.

The Arab foreign and economic ministers yesterday discussed ways of escalating the anti-Egyptian Arab boycott, launched after the signing of the Israel-Egypt peace treaty last year.

Ministers of all Arab nations, except Egypt, are currently meeting in the Jordanian capital to draft an agenda for the November 12 Arab summit conference, also due to be held in Amman.

The ministers were also discussing ways of coordinating their economic policies after having agreed on an expanded agenda.

Syrians launch drive to curb Moslem Brotherhood

Jerusalem Post Staff

Officials in Damascus yesterday indicated that the government there is currently mounting an all-out war against the Moslem Brotherhood movement which has been harassing President Hafez Assad's regime.

The officials were reported to have uncovered a fresh assassination campaign against the Syrian leadership, including Assad himself. The Moslem Brothers have been waging a two-year hit war on members of Assad's ruling Alawite minority Moslem sect, on the governing Ba'ath party, and on

Soviet army personnel serving in Syria.

Syrian Defence Minister Mustafa Tlas said yesterday that his government was now in the process of establishing military tribunals to try members of the Moslem Brotherhood movement — presumably whether they were involved in the anti-government terror or not.

The reported Syrian measures were reminiscent of the massive campaign which Egypt's late president Gamal Abdel Nasser launched against the Moslem Brothers in his own country.

Shamir: never yield to threats

By DAVID LANDAU
Post Diplomatic Correspondent

Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir sounded a sombre note of warning at an international gathering of political scientists at the Hebrew University yesterday, saying that he hoped "No one will force us into acts of desperation."

Shamir spoke of the recent spate of resolutions at the Security Council that were hostile to Israel as "instances of surrender to blackmail," and added: "We faithfully believe that one must not surrender to blackmail... that it is forbidden to show weakness."

In a wide-ranging survey of Israel's policy and position delivered to delegates of the Davis Institute's annual international conference, Shamir challenged the "myth" that the Palestinian problem lies at the heart of Middle



East and West contacts virtually came to a standstill immediately following the Afghan invasion.

In an interview published yesterday in the "Frankfurter Rundschau" newspaper, Giscard said, "France leaves no doubt as to which camp it belongs to. It is neither neutral nor neutralistic. In the appropriate case, it would fulfil its duties without weakness."

In a speech last night given by his official host President Karl Carstens at a small baroque castle north of Bonn, specially refurbished for the visit, Giscard once again underlined the importance of the independent European policy he and "my friend Chancellor Helmut Schmidt" pursue within the western alliance. The French president noted he and Schmidt "commonly go searching for the root of problems more than is otherwise usual among leaders of state and government."

Both men have maintained trade and political links with Moscow, contrasting with the U.S. trade embargo.

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Wage package bans strikes for one year

By JOSHUA BRILLIANT
and SHELOMO MAOZ
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The uncertainty over wages in the public sector ended yesterday with the concluding of a wage pact for 1980/81 providing for a 26.74 increase from July's salary. The agreement was strengthened and modified by a string of decisions by the economic cabinet, laying down that the pact must ensure industrial peace for the coming year, and setting up a framework for settling issues connected with past agreements — an issue which held up agreement for almost a week.

The economic cabinet declared that a framework agreement will be signed whose aim will be to lay down a wage increase that will preserve the present level of real earnings. Any increase set in that agreement will be final, and no further negotiations for increases will be allowed. Strike action to enforce negotiation is also ruled out.

The pact is due to be signed by representatives of the Histadrut and the Civil Service Commission on Thursday evening, after tomorrow's formal signing by the Histadrut and the private employers of their similar agreement.

The economic cabinet decided that, when a framework agreement is signed in line with the draft agreed yesterday, legislation will be introduced in the Knesset establishing the minister of finance to adjust tax brackets by 100 per cent of the inflation rate four times a year.

The economic cabinet's solution for obligations in past agreements sees the civil service commissioner authorized to present all problems to the economic cabinet for discussion. These will be the sole clauses on which further negotiations with the unions will be permitted. The 26.74 per cent increase in the (Continued on page 2, col. 3)

'Stemming inflation now top priority'

Bank governor urges more cuts in budget

By SHELOMO MAOZ
Post Economic Reporter

For the first time, Bank of Israel Governor Arnon Gafny conceded yesterday that combating inflation must head the priorities of government economic policy.

Encouraging exports and improving the balance of payments — which have always shared first place in the central bank's prescriptions for curing the economy — are not as important as cutting the rate of inflation, Gafny said.

But he painted a pessimistic picture of the current realities in the struggle: Even after a cut of 15.2b. in the state budget, decided on at different times during the last two months, the budget was still 4.5 per cent bigger in real terms than last year, and the defence allocation will be 9 per cent more than last year's figure — also in real terms — even if the 1980/81 cut decided on is carried out.

Gafny recommended to the Knesset Economic Committee yesterday a list of drastic steps for the government to take to cut inflation. These included reducing real wages and export subsidies and

further tightening credit in the coming months, as well as another cut in the state budget.

"We owe it to us if the budget is not cut some more," Gafny declared, adding that inflation would surely continue to increase if his recommendations were not implemented.

Gafny pointed out that a 15 per cent nominal increase in wages was in fact only worth 11 per cent, and that in nominal terms, because of the timing of the payments. But in real terms, even taking into account the upward creep phenomenon and the adjustment of tax brackets, wages will barely hold their own and may even slip by 3 per cent.

Gafny said a cut in the real value of wages was made necessary by increases in world oil prices as well as by the large sums the government has been injecting into the economy. He said the economy would be in real danger if public sector wages broke through agreed limitations, and he backed Finance Minister Yigael Hurvitz's tough stand on wage agreements and on (Continued on page 2, col. 3)

70 senators urge Carter to drop Saudi arms sale

By WOLF BLITZER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

WASHINGTON. — Seventy U.S. senators have already signed a letter to President Jimmy Carter urging him not to authorize the sale of advanced weaponry for Saudi Arabia's jet fighter bombers which would significantly increase their range and firepower.

The letter, expected to be sent to the White House today or tomorrow, underscores the strong opposition in the Senate to the contemplated — but still not approved — sale involving additional bomb racks and fuel tanks for the F-16s.

White House officials, aware that the letter was being circulated for signatures in the Senate, said yesterday that President Jimmy Carter had earlier decided to postpone any final consideration until after the November presidential elections.

But Senate organizers of the letter decided to go ahead with their letter in any case to commit as many senators as possible against the transaction. They realized that winning such commitments would be more difficult following the election.

Sen. Abraham Ribicoff (Democrat-Connecticut), a leading

supporter of the administration's original 1978 Saudi "package" sale, was the only Jewish senator who refused to sign the letter.

The letter recalled the 1978 assurances from Secretary of Defence Harold Brown to the Congress that the Saudi requested weaponry would not be provided.

In 1975, during the Ford administration's "reassessment" of policy towards Israel, 76 senators signed a letter calling for strong support for Israel.

That letter is said to have had a strong impact in easing the pressures against Israel then being imposed by President Gerald Ford and secretary of state Henry Kissinger.

Pro-Israel sources in Washington hope that this new letter, with roughly the same number of signers, will convince the administration to drop any consideration of the sale.

The chief organizers of the letter are Jacob Javits (Republican-New York), Frank Church (Dem.-Idaho), Henry Jackson (Dem.-Washington), Daniel Patrick Moynihan (Dem.-N.Y.), Joseph Biden (Dem.-Delaware), Paul Sarbanes (Dem.-Del.) and Alan Cranston (Dem.-California).

JERUSALEM POST POLL

Rabin top choice premier, trailed by Begin, then Peres

By MARK SEGAL
Post Political Correspondent

TEL AVIV. — Former prime minister Yitzhak Rabin heads The Jerusalem Post poll in the public's choice for the premiership, with Prime Minister Menachem Begin receiving the lowest support ever for a prime minister in office. Labour Party chairman Shimon Peres came in third.

The slip in former defence minister Ezer Weizman's popularity from being the most favoured politician is most noticeable, especially as he finishes neck-and-neck with Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon as the most popular choice for defence minister.

Although six years out of office, Abba Eban remains the people's favourite for foreign minister, with incumbent Yitzhak Shamir hardly showing. Finance Minister Yigael Hurvitz continues to drop in public favour with a record 60 per cent of those polled unable to pick a steward for the Treasury.

These were the results of the poll conducted by the Modi'in Ezraochi applied research centre among a representative selection of about 1,300 adults. Nowhere in the results did Acting Premier and Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin appear as a choice for any of the four senior portfolios in the cabinet. Yitzhak Moda'i, the premier's candidate for the Foreign Ministry, hardly musters any support for the job.

Q. Who is best suited to be prime minister?

	June/July May	26.4% 12.7%
Yitzhak Rabin	35.5	22.3
Menachem Begin	15.1	16.3
Shimon Peres	5.6	8.5
Ezer Weizman	1.7	1.5
Yitzhak Navon	0.3	1.7
Moshe Dayan	4.5	2.5
Others	32.0	36.2
Undecided	21.9	23.1
Q. Who is best suited to be foreign minister?		
Abba Eban	17.6	15.9
Dayan	4.5	2.5
Yitzhak Shamir	3.3	5.5
Weizman	2.2	—
Peres	2.2	5.7
Rabin	1.4	16.7
Chaim Herzog	0.3	—
Yitzhak Moda'i	0.3	—
Shmuel Tamir	0.3	—
Others	5.5	3.9
Undecided	30.5	28.0
Q. Who is best suited to be defence minister?		
Ariel Sharon	21.9	17.7
Weizman	4.5	2.4
Peres	4.2	2.6
Rabin	3.5	5.6
Dayan	3.2	6.6
Moshe Dayan	2.7	1.5
Begin	1.9	—
Others	3.5	2.7
Undecided	36.0	26.2
Q. Who is best suited to be finance minister?		
Yigael Hurvitz	25.8	36.7
Yitzhak Moda'i	8.5	5.5
Gad Yarkoni	1.5	1.4
Shmuel Tamir	—	1.5
Others	4.7	5.3
Undecided	60.0	46.9

Centre director Amiram Yarkoni noted that as far as he could remember it was the first time in the history of public opinion polls in Israel that an incumbent prime minister had finished second. He noted that Rabin was the choice of 43.6 per cent of Labour voters compared to 28.4 per cent support for Peres.

Afghanistan high on agenda of Giscard's visit to Bonn

BONN (UPI). — French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing began a four-day state visit to West Germany yesterday that combines a ramble through historical centres in four states with political consultations with Chancellor Helmut Schmidt.

The two men, met by Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev since the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, met yesterday in preliminary talks preceding full-blown consultations beginning Thursday after Giscard has completed his provincial tour.

The talks would continue the exchange of views between the two leaders on the chances for a settlement of the Afghan problem, officials said. Both leaders have stressed the need not to isolate the Soviet Union in world politics — a line that has sometimes irritated Washington.

Both men have maintained trade and political links with Moscow, contrasting with the U.S. trade embargo.

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HOME & WORLD NEWS

Geula's bill faces wait in the queue

By ASHER WALLFISH
Past Knesset Reporter

There was uncertainty in the Knesset yesterday over the coming stages in the parliamentary progress of the Tebiya private members bill on the status of Jerusalem.

After getting Law Committee approval a week ago on the preliminary reading, the bill — the Basic Law: Jerusalem the Capital of Israel — was tabled in the Knesset yesterday, prior to the regular first reading.

Tebiya's Geula Cohen, prime mover in the legislation, told reporters that when she asked Speaker Yitzhak Mordechai yesterday when the regular first reading would be held, Mordechai told her he would do nothing to speed up the handling of the bill, or to delay it either, for that matter.

Cohen said Mordechai told her he personally did not favor the bill because of the timing, but that it would not influence his decision. He reportedly told her that if the government did not indicate the bill was urgent, "it would take its place in the queue."

Cohen said she was sure the regular first reading would be held next week, but she was much less confident about her bill going through all three readings and becoming law before the summer recess starts at the end of the month. "If I see there is delay, I shall mount a campaign of pressure accordingly," she said.

The Knesset recess lasts until October.

Apart from Tebiya, the only faction to back the Jerusalem bill wholeheartedly was the NRP, which called yesterday for passing it into law with all speed.

Shulamit Aloni (CRM) failed yesterday in a bid to get the Law Committee to review its approval of the bill last week, on the grounds that she had been absent from the session.

In the Alignment faction, meanwhile, Labour is putting pressure on Mapam to postpone till next week at least a motion for the agenda about Jerusalem's status and future, which Mapam leader Meir Talmi is due to speak on tomorrow (Wednesday).

One of the Labour hawks, Shoshana Arbeli, got the heat turned on Talmi when she charged that he tabled his motion without seeking the consent of the Alignment executive.

Talmi, who was furious at Arbeli's Alon's action, said that the Tebiya faction as well as Herut were "peddling Jerusalem for political propaganda purposes" and managing to "force Labour to dance to their tune."



Shalom Danino, head of the Netivot Local Council, and Education Minister Zevulun Hammer during their meeting in the Knesset yesterday.

Truce in Netivot row

Representatives of the religious and secular groups involved in the Netivot disturbances yesterday agreed to a two-day truce to enable Education Minister Zevulun Hammer to investigate the issues.

In a four-hour meeting at the Knesset, Hammer persuaded the groups — including Rabbi Yisachar Meir of the Negev Yeshiva and Netivot Local Council head Shalom Danino — to call a halt to the hostilities which started on Friday. They broke out following a local council decision to prohibit men and women from swimming in the town pool on the same days.

Hammer, acting on behalf of

Interior Minister Yosef Burg, said that he sensed a sincere desire on both sides to come to a solution and asked for tolerance and continued dialogue while the problem was under investigation.

Hammer announced that he would visit Netivot this Thursday and meet again with religious and non-religious representatives.

Hammer also asked Netivot and Negev district police officers, who were present at the meeting, to quickly conclude their investigation of the 12 residents arrested earlier and release them as soon as possible, as a further means of reducing the tension in the Negev town.

E. J'lem power co. wins round in High Court against gov't bid

By DAVID RICHARDSON
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Jerusalem District Electricity Company yesterday won a temporary injunction ordering the government to show cause within 45 days why it should not rescind its decision to take over the company's concession to supply electricity in East Jerusalem and a large part of the West Bank.

The company's counsel, Jerusalem advocate Shlomo Toussia-Cohen, told the High Court of Justice yesterday that, in particular, "the timing of the government's decision indicated that it was politically rather than economically motivated."

The government wanted to ensure its control of all resources, including power and water in the area, in anticipation of the proposed autonomy for the West Bank, he said.

The company estimates that the government would have to pay some \$50m. in compensation if it now took over the concession which expires automatically in another eight years, at which stage it would revert to the government at absolutely no cost.

Toussia-Cohen argued that the energy minister, who is named as a co-respondent together with the military governor of Judea and Samaria, had not acted in good faith when he announced that he was withdrawing the concession because of alleged inefficient supply and faulty management.

The fact was that attempts at improving service to consumers had

been stymied by the government's refusal to permit the import of another generator, he said. The Israel Electricity Corporation was currently plagued by problems in its supply of power, while the Jerusalem company was functioning perfectly, he said.

Justice Miriam Ben-Porat, the presiding judge, asked Toussia-Cohen why the minister could not act even if the government's true motives were political.

"Perhaps the government fears political motives on the other side," she said, referring to the financial support provided to the company by various Arab states.

Toussia-Cohen explained that unlike the company, the minister was only empowered to act — in good faith within the specific boundaries of the law, which was concerned in this case with the supply of electricity and nothing else.

The government's decision was also unreasonable, he maintained. Since the ministry was not entitled to act in the administered territories, it could only withdraw the concession in Jerusalem, which is subject to Israeli law. This meant that the company would be left with the obligation to supply thousands of consumers in its concessionary area in the West Bank without the plant to generate power.

The government had clearly indicated that it intended to get around this problem when the military governor of Judea and Samaria also announced that he would take over the concession in the area un-

der his control. The clear intention, the company maintains, is to transfer everything to the control of the Israel Electric Corporation.

Toussia-Cohen argued that in this case the military governor was exceeding his powers under customary international law governing the acts of an occupying power. He cited the landmark Eilam Moreh decision to bolster his case.

Under the Hague Convention, which largely codifies the laws of military occupation, the acts of a military governor can only be of a temporary nature so long as the occupation is in force.

The company, which is one of the largest employers in East Jerusalem, also alleged that it had been denied its right to contest the decision within a reasonable time because the government had kept its plans secret until January this year.

The cabinet originally decided to take over the concession last August.

After a short recess the judges granted the temporary injunction, apparently without needing to hear the state's preliminary arguments.

The small courtroom was crowded with company employees, including chairman Anwar Nusseibeh. Some 200 employees who could not fit in waited outside the court buildings.

Nusseibeh, clearly pleased with the decision, said afterwards "This is a small step in the right direction. The court's decision shows that there is ample legal justification to seek our remedy through the court."

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Shak'a due home

Nablus Mayor Bassam Shak'a, currently in Jordan for medical treatment, is due to return home tomorrow. He lost both legs in last month's assassination attempts against three West Bank mayors. Shak'a is apparently scheduled to remain in Nablus for about three weeks and then will go to England where he will receive physiotherapy.

Haifa U. suspends three Arab students

By MARY HIRSCHFELD
Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA — Haifa University yesterday suspended Easam Mahoul, chairman of the National Arab Students Committee, and his brother Amir, for six months.

The university's disciplinary committee also voted to conditionally suspend Ouda Bashrat, secretary of the Haifa Arab Students Committee, for the same period. The three were charged by the dean of students with disobeying his order prohibiting demonstrations on campus on May 14.

A member of the Arab Students Committee strongly protested against the university's "one-sided

policy," perceived by the committee as supporting "Premier Begin's aim of throwing all Arab students out of Israeli universities." The committee also noted that "members of the right-wing group 'Our Israel' had demonstrated several times without permission and had not been disciplined."

Easam Mahoul is one of four Arab students now under military restriction orders. For six months he is confined to his village, Bukela, in Galilee, and must remain in his house between dusk and dawn.

A source in the National Arab Students Committee told The Jerusalem Post yesterday that they will protest against the suspension to the university's appeals panel.

Low Knesset turnout again defeats government bill

By ABYEH RUBINSTEIN
Post Knesset Reporter

Once again, the coalition yesterday failed to muster a majority on a government bill.

Again, the reason for the government's defeat was the absence of a large number of coalition members from the chamber. This time, in addition, a number of Alignment members waited outside the chamber, tugging the coalition into a sense of false security.

The bill in question was the bill to perpetuate the memory of Israel's presidents and prime ministers, which had been presented for its first reading by Justice Minister Shmuel Tamir.

The coalition should have sensed trouble when Esther Herlitz (Alignment) spoke against the seemingly non-controversial bill, saying it had

been drafted hastily and carelessly. The bill was defeated by 22 votes to 20.

Tamir then again presented for its first reading the bill enabling codification of civil property law, which is designed to be the beginning of Israel's civil code. Apparently unwilling to risk another defeat, however, he requested that the vote be deferred.

An identical bill was defeated two weeks ago, also by a chance majority.

Last week, the government failed to secure passage of its bill to establish Karate courts, and it was again defeated when the opposition defeated a bill by Yehoshua Plomin (Likud) banning wage linkage in collective agreements, after Social Affairs and Labour Minister Israel Katz moved that it go to committee.

Begin reported amenable to new reshuffle plan

By SARAH HONIG
Post Political Reporter

TEL AVIV — Sources close to Prime Minister Menachem Begin said last night that he would be amenable to a different cabinet reshuffle scheme than the one he recently suggested, provided the Liberal Party can be convinced to accept it.

A new twist on the original reshuffle plan could be tried out by relieving Deputy Prime Minister Yigael Yadin of some of his caretaker duties, the sources said. Yadin is acting premier and defence minister while Begin is ill. Begin's aides have in a sense let it be known that the field is open for the parties to reach their own *modus vivendi*. They explained that a particular personal makeup for the cabinet, as he is interested in preventing party squabbles that may inadvertently cause the downfall of his fragile coalition.

The Liberals are attempting on their own to reach a compromise with the diminished Democratic Movement, whereby the latter would no longer oppose the appoint-

ment of Yitzhak Moda'i as foreign minister. Sources close to Begin say that it might be possible to attempt a simpler reshuffle that would leave Yitzhak Shamir in the Foreign Ministry and simply mean the appointment of a new defence minister. Shamir is said to be quite happy where he is and not eager to move to the Defence Ministry.

The idea now being increasingly considered by Prime Minister's Office sources is that the original candidate for the defence minister's job — Prof. Moshe Arens, chairman of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee — be approached again. Arens reportedly declined the offer previously.

Arens said yesterday he would only say if he had changed his mind if and when Begin made him a new offer.

The big obstacle in this case would be the Liberal Party, which would remain without key cabinet posts. The prime minister's aides are toying with the idea of compensating the Liberals with a number of deputy minister posts.

Overseas call helps TA workers

By MICHAEL YUDELMAN
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV — Interior Minister Yosef Burg made a last-minute telephone call yesterday from the U.S. ordering the government to provide IS23m. to pay 10,000 municipal workers their June salaries, which are due today.

The wage payment had been threatened by a dispute between the Ministries of Finance and Interior over giving financial help to the Tel Aviv Municipality. The Interior Ministry supported the recommendation of a committee to pay Tel Aviv IS286m. while Finance Minister Yigael Hurvitz opposed it. Interior Ministry sources said yesterday.

Burg, notified of Tel Aviv's inability to pay its workers, informed

the government that he was convinced that Tel Aviv Mayor Shlomo Lahat had made extensive budget cuts and asked that the funds for municipal salaries be transferred to Tel Aviv immediately.

The IS286m. which the committee of experts from the two ministries recommended paying Tel Aviv consists of a IS200m. loan and an IS86m. loan. But in a meeting on Sunday Hurvitz opposed the recommendation, agreeing only to a loan of IS100m. to the municipality at this stage, the sources said.

Burg says he'll raise the issue when he returns from the U.S. The funds are intended to eliminate once and for all the delays in transferring funds to Tel Aviv, which have been forcing it to take high-interest, index-linked bank loans.

Lahat yesterday accused the government of unjustly blaming him for waste. He showed reporters around various development projects into which the municipality has poured IS11m. during the past four years.

Seventy per cent of the projects, which include parks, sports and youth centres and swimming pools, are located in Tel Aviv's slum quarters. "I'd rather be known as a mayor who goes wild with budgets than as one who ignores his public's need," Lahat said during the tour.

After visiting the new swimming pools at Neve Sharett and Tel Keblir, the tennis centre in Jaffa Dallet, the new underground toilets in the Carmel Market underpass, widened intersections and parks, Lahat said, "Here is the waste we have been accused of."

Compensation up for Nazi victims

The economic cabinet yesterday approved changes in the Nazi War Disabled Law and the Victims of Nazi Persecution Law to bring the compensation paid to Nazi victims into line with increased compensation to disabled IDF veterans.

Knesset to act on expropriation Negev Beduin appeal: Leave us some land

By JOSHUA BRILLIANT
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV — Negev Beduin said yesterday they did not mind the IDF building an airbase on some of their land at Tel Makhata. But they continued their steadfast objection to expropriation of the entire area.

They appealed for the public's support as the Knesset this week holds the second and third readings of a bill legalizing the expropriation of 85,000 dunams of their land. The area is earmarked for an airbase to replace the one at Ophira, which is to be vacated by April 1982 in accordance with the Israel-Egypt peace treaty.

Nuri el-Ukhl, secretary of the Committee for Beduin Rights in the Negev, said yesterday the tribesmen "will not budge from their lands... they can cut the Beduin into pieces and we still will not leave the lands."

Khalil Abu Jaid, whose father claims 90 per cent of the land at Tel Makhata, said his tribe has been living there for hundreds of years. The

government had recognized their rights to the area, he added. Stating he had no objection to the establishment of an IAF base there, Abu Jaid said, "We're ready for a reasonable compromise" in the land dispute. "But if they take all our land, where will we go?" he asked.

The compensation offered for the 85,000 dunams will not cover the costs of resettlement, the Beduin's legal adviser Meir Lamm claimed. Lamm estimated the 800 families at Tel Makhata would receive some IS45 m. for the land and another IS24 m. for the shacks they would leave behind.

The new land offered them in Beduin urban concentrations would cost some IS32 m., he said. The plans also call for giving them some farming land for another IS28m. With taxes, lawyers and surveyors' fees the new tracts would cost a total of IS65.5m. Thus, even before they began to build new homes, they would be IS15.5m. in the red, he said.

Poor state of nation's teeth to be theme of conference

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV — Israelis suffer more from tooth decay and gum infection than they did 20 years ago, and the coming international meeting of the Israel Dental Association is to devote much of its time to telling them why.

The four-day meeting opens on Sunday at the Tel Aviv Hilton. Prof. Max Weinreb, the meeting's scientific secretary, said yesterday that a 1961 survey showed that soldiers at the beginning of their compulsory military service had an average of between one and two teeth in need of dental treatment. The figure for the average draftee now is six to eight affected teeth.

The increase is caused by a diet high in sweets and insufficient care paid to mouth and tooth hygiene, Weinreb said.

One of the congress' events will be "Day of the Healthy Tooth" in

Kikar Melahei Yisrael on July 17. Some 50,000 toothbrushes donated by Dr. J. Nawara of Belgium will be handed out free of charge.

Israel Dental Association chairman Dr. Samuel Perlmuter said only 23 per cent of Israelis seek dental care, often only after suffering severe pains.

In Jerusalem, Health Minister Ehezzer Shostak said yesterday Israel must train 4,000 more dentists to meet the minimal required standard of one dentist per 1,000 population.

Speaking at a congress on dentistry for the handicapped in Jerusalem's Hilton Hotel, Shostak said there are now only 2,000 dentists in Israel. In the North of the country there is one dentist per 11,000 people, and in the South one per 6,000.

Israel's two dental schools produce 60-70 qualified dentists each year.

Doctors warned against advertising

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV — Legal proceedings will be initiated by the Health Ministry against any Israeli physician who advertises his services.

Israel tennis boys defeat Spaniards

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV — The Israel under-14 boys tennis team on Sunday defeated Spain in Laredo to win its group and reach the semi-finals of the international tournament in Spain. Gilaad Bloom and Menashe Teur won their singles by 6-0, 6-3 and 6-4, respectively, while Russell Melr and Amit Naor lost their games. Bloom and Teur beat their Spanish opponents in the doubles by 6-3, 7-6 to clinch the match for Israel.

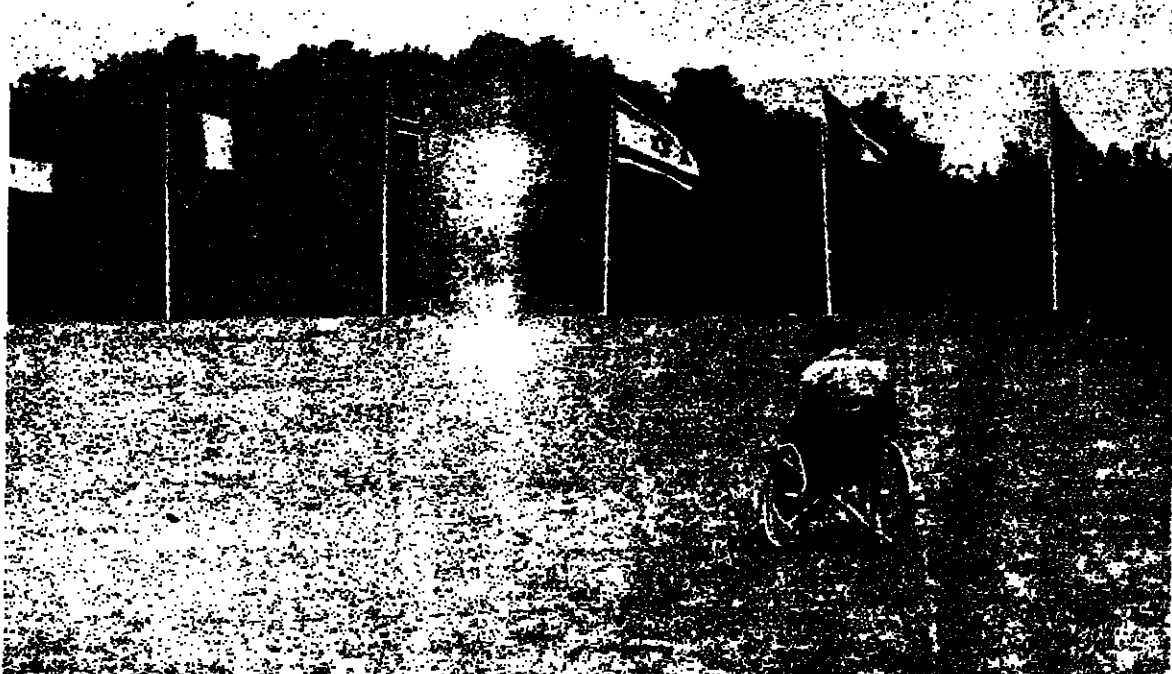
The semi-finals and finals will be played in Barcelona on July 11, 12 and 13.

with information, which can "mislead" the public, the Israeli Medical Association announced yesterday.

The association, in view of the "considerable increase" of physicians advertising themselves, in one form or another, recently set up a joint committee with the ministry to fight this "violation of medical ethics and of the law."

Moreover, hospitals which advertise the work of their own institutions should do so without publicizing the name of the doctor involved in any medical work or discovery, the association said.

The Israel Press Council has been asked by the association to inform all journalists who quote from medical publications to state the name of the publication clearly in order not to give the impression that the physician gave an interview.



A visitor to the Olympic Games for the Disabled in Arnhem, Holland, spends a quiet moment alone after the closing ceremony on Saturday. (UPI telephoto)

Call for beefed-up U.S. force in Persian Gulf

By DAVID KRIVINE
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The only way to prevent an arbitrary cutoff of Persian Gulf oil to the industrial world is to strengthen the American military presence in the Gulf zone, according to Prof. Robert Tucker of Johns Hopkins University.

Tucker, a guest participant in the Hebrew University seminar on East-West detente, said that President Carter's Rapid Deployment Force (a mobile force of 100,000 men) is not enough.

"There must be sufficient military power on the ground to deter interference with the world's chief energy resource," he said.

When OPEC quadrupled the price of petroleum in the early 1970's, the problem was how to pay for it. Today the problem is much more serious, he said: how to make sure of getting it.

Tucker, who has published several important studies in "Commentary" magazine, said that the Khomeini revolution in

Iran and the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan bear out his predictions during the last five years that the chronic instability of the Middle East threatens the flow of the precious fluid on which the fate of Western industry depends.

"Iranian production dropped overnight from five million barrels a day to almost zero. What surety is there that something like that may not happen in Saudi Arabia or elsewhere?" asked Tucker.

He referred to world oil expert Walter Levy's forecast, in the latest issue of "Foreign Affairs," that by the year 2000, allowing for all the expected substitute fuels such as coal and atomic energy, the non-Communist countries will still need 33m. barrels a day from OPEC, or 10 per cent more than in 1975.

Tucker takes the oil-importing countries to task for failing to join forces or negotiate from strength. The damage can already be seen. "Let us take a mild scenario," he says, "not chaos resulting from a stoppage of supplies, but a con-

tinued tight market, with oil prices rising faster than the western price index."

"The economic recession that is already creeping on us would become a fact of life, with no growth — and with social and political consequences that can't be assessed."

The problem of maintaining access is still more serious. That is why the American military presence in the Gulf zone must be bolstered.

The reason NATO does not help is that the Europeans take refuge in the illusion that if only the Palestinian dispute could be settled, "everything would fall into place," he said.

"They are grasping at straws. The Palestinian issue is, I won't say irrelevant, but tangential to the problem of the Persian Gulf."

"Even if by some political magic the desire of the Palestinians were granted in full, how would that improve security of access to OPEC oil? If anything, the emergence of a PLO state in Palestine might accentuate instabilities in Saudi Arabia."

"Western politicians want to solve problems without using western power, and that is impossible. The experience of the last decade proves it."

Is Israel an asset or a liability to the West? "Certainly not a liability," he said. "Any western policy designed to debilitate Israel's strength would be madness."

Hispanic-American press mission visits here

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Eleven Hispanic-American journalists arrived here yesterday on the first press mission of its kind organized by the Government Press Office at the invitation of the Jerusalem Journalists Association.

Selected with the help of the Foreign Ministry, the newspaper reporters and editors and radio and

TV correspondents come from Florida, California, Texas, Chicago and Colorado.

The aim of their visit is to learn first-hand about immigrant absorption and other social problems in Israel and to inform the Israeli authorities about a U.S. ethnic group that numbers over 20 million but is not well known here.

IDF weekly costs IS9.8m. annually

Post Knesset Reporter

"Bamahaneh," the army weekly, costs IS9.8m. a year to produce, and its receipts from subscriptions are IS4.5m. The monthly "Sikra Hodshit" costs IS320,000 and sells subscriptions amounting to IS160,000.

These were some of the figures given yesterday by Deputy Defence Minister Mordechai Zipori in reply to a parliamentary question by Moshe Shahal (Alignment).

The IDF publishes nine periodicals, some of which break even and some of which show a slight profit.

"Bamahaneh" employs 13 full-time and two part-time civilian employees. The other publications employ a total of six civilians.

Zipori failed to answer that part of Shahal's question asking whether the minister planned to reduce the number of publications. Shahal was not present at question time, and thus could not call attention to the omission.

Unpaid taxes delay Haifa man's departure

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Haifa contractor Yosef Ben-Avni was taken off a plane moments before its departure when he tried to leave the country owing IS6,700 in property taxes. He paid his taxes the following day and was permitted to leave.

Non-payment of taxes had made it impossible for the Land Registry to transfer title of the flats he had sold.

Tax authorities in Haifa received an anonymous tip that he was about to leave the country, leaving his tax debts unpaid. The district commissioner for property tax asked the state attorney's office to take action, and a magistrate issued an order preventing Ben-Avni's departure.

AIRLINE — All Olympic airways planes remained grounded yesterday following a decision by stewards and stewardesses to stay on strike for better pay and increased pensions.

Black day on TA beaches as lifeguards drift away

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV — Tel Aviv's lifeguards yesterday hoisted black flags on all the city's beaches and prevented the public from entering the water. Yesterday's excuse was that there aren't enough lifeguards to man all the beaches as required by law.

The 28 lifeguards now working — six are away on sick leave or reserve duty — could operate nine beaches with three guards on each. But they refuse to change their work locations. So all but four beaches are short-handed.

Mayor Shlomo Lahat's request to

the Interior Ministry for a special permit to operate the beaches with two lifeguards each — instead of three — had not been accepted as of yesterday, municipal sources said.

This year's shortage of lifeguards derives from Lahat's refusal to employ men part-time, which would not have been necessary had his plan to close four beaches been implemented. Meanwhile, all 14 beaches remain open until an arbitrator settles the labour dispute which arose over the working arrangements between the guards and the municipality, when the latter announced the closing of the beaches.

The lifeguards have announced that they will continue disrupting the bathing on all Tel Aviv beaches until three men are available for each beach, or until a permit for opening beaches with only two lifeguards is given by the Interior Ministry.

Municipal sources said yesterday that the workers' organization has lost control over the lifeguards, who began imposing sanctions without the organization's approval.

Aussie Labour head to Middle east

CANBERRA (UPI). — Bill Hayden, leader of Australia's opposition Labour Party, departed Sunday on a 16-day visit to the Middle East. He will visit Syria, Jordan, Egypt, Israel and Lebanon, and will meet more than a score of government, opposition and trade union leaders in all five countries, as well as senior PLO officials.

By AIR FRANCE
LOW FARES TO FRANCE individual or groups
IN CLASSE-VACANCES
Regular daily flight to Paris, twice a week to Lyons, once a week to Nice
AIR FRANCE

54.6%
of Israel's citizens
want an Alignment Government
led by Shimon Peres.

The following question was asked in a poll conducted by Dr. Mina Zemach ("Dahaf" Research Institute):

Who would you like to see form the next government:

The Alignment headed by Shimon Peres or the Likud headed by Menachem Begin?

The replies:

The Alignment under the leadership of Shimon Peres — 54.6%.

The Likud under the leadership of Menachem Begin — 28.9%.

Undecided: — 16.5%.

Israel needs this majority.

Don't let it be whittled away!

ALEF

For an Alignment Government headed by Shimon Peres:

43 Rothschild Boulevard, P.O.B. 46045, Tel Aviv



לחנן ממשלת המערך
בראשות שמעון פרס
תל-אביב, שדרות חטשיל' 43. ת.ד. 46045

Islamic panel invites Kabul for crisis talks

ISLAMABAD. — A standing committee of the Islamic Foreign Ministers Conference has extended a formal invitation to the Kabul regime for direct talks on the crisis in Afghanistan, a Pakistani newspaper reported yesterday.

Quoting well-informed sources in Islamabad, the English-language newspaper, "The Muslim," said the invitation was sent by the Islamic organization's secretariat in Jeddah, Saudi Arabia, but the government of President Babrak Karmal has yet to reply.

The only condition attached to the invitation is that the meeting be held in a non-aligned capital, the report said.

The Soviet newspaper "Pravda" reported yesterday that a group of Afghan "counter-revolutionary handouts" were caught in the act of

placing explosives in the central mosque at Mazar-i-Sharif in northern Afghanistan.

"Pravda" did not specify when the alleged incident occurred or how many persons were arrested. It blamed American "imperialists" and Israeli "oppressors of the Arab people" for instigating the plot in a campaign to "sabotage the country through outside interference."

In another development, Afghanistan's seven-man Olympic wrestling team has been defeated by Pakistan, one day before it was due to fly to Moscow for the Olympic Games. The Islamic Alliance for the Liberation of Afghanistan said yesterday that the team, led by its captain, Najaf Ali, arrived in Peshawar, North Pakistan, on Sunday. They walked from Kabul to the Pakistani border in five days, the alliance said. (UPI, AP, Reuters)

Soviets oppose expansion of NATO to include Spain

BONN (UPI). — Soviet leaders last week warned German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt they firmly oppose any expansion of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) and threatened consequences if Spain enters the western defense pact, a West German newspaper reported yesterday.

The newspaper "Die Welt" said it had obtained the secret protocol of the talks Schmidt held with Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev in Moscow last week.

Government spokesmen refused to confirm or deny the report, referring to official pledges of secrecy on diplomatic papers such as the protocol.

The spokesman suggested the newspaper had obtained copies of notes made during the talks by a delegation member. He said the government was investigating what he termed a politically motivated leak.

Diplomatic sources confirmed sections of the report that made

clear the Soviets insisted only American nuclear weapons be included in the talks on European nuclear arms control the Kremlin proposed to Washington through Schmidt last week.

Sources also confirmed the Soviets took a formal legal stance over observance of their pledges in the U.S. treaty not yet ratified by the U.S. Senate.

"Die Welt" said the Soviet leader warned Schmidt against supporting what the newspaper claimed Brezhnev saw as the predominantly American drive for Spain to enter the NATO pact. "You, Mr. Chancellor, should consider exactly the results of such a step," the report quoted Brezhnev as saying.

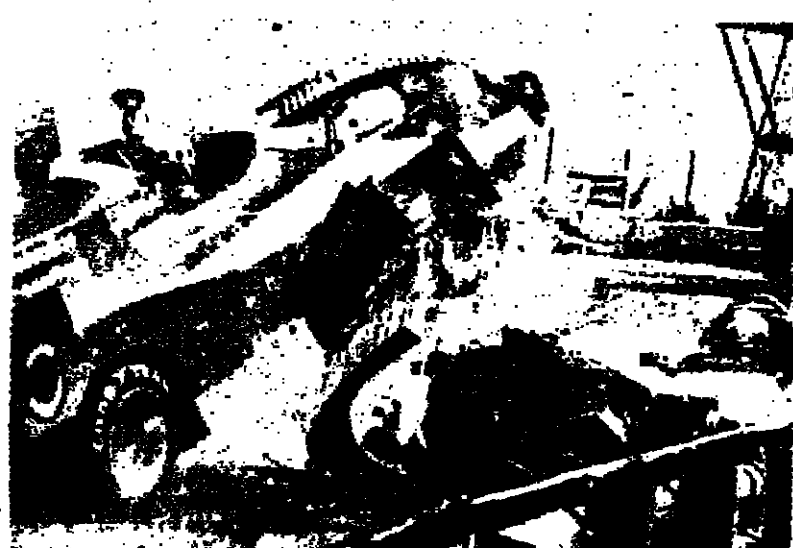
Heavy fighting said raging on Iran-Iraq border

TEHERAN (AP). — Heavy fighting broke out Sunday night along the Iran-Iraq border between Iranian revolutionary guards and regular troops from the Iraqi army operating with Iraqi-equipped mercenaries, the Tehran daily "Kayhan" reported yesterday.

The fighting was centered near the Iranian border town of Qasr-e Shahr, 1,450 km. southwest of Tehran and 150 km. northeast of Baghdad.

"Twelve postal stations and frontier checkpoints are under heavy attack from Iraqi mercenaries," the report said. "The fighting began around 11 p.m. last night and still continues."

"There is no report on casualties from either side."



Stephen South of England crashed into and over team-mate Elliot Forbes-Robinson of California during a Canadian-American series race in Watkins Glen, New York, on Sunday. Neither driver was hurt. (UPI)

India approves Kampuchea; Int'l aid to refugees cut

NEW DELHI (AP). — India yesterday announced recognition of the Vietnam-installed regime in Kampuchea and establishment of diplomatic ties with it.

External Affairs Minister P.V.N. Rao told a cheering parliament that the government's stand on Kampuchea was shared "by an overwhelming majority of political opinion in India."

His announcement ended months of speculation about India's attitude toward the Heng Samrin regime, brought to power by a Vietnamese military drive that toppled Premier Pol Pot in early 1978.

Meanwhile, reliable sources in Bangkok said yesterday that major international relief organizations have decided to cut off food supplies to areas of the Thai-Kampuchea border controlled by Pol Pot by July 21 and are hoping to phase out the entire frontier aid operation.

The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), the UN children's fund (UNICEF) and the UN World Food Programme (WFP) made the decision because it was their "clear view" that a large part of the food supplies had

been reaching Pol Pot's soldiers along the border.

The decision was reportedly made at a recent meeting in New York of ICRC's operation chief, Jean-Pierre Hocke; UNICEF head James Grant; and Sir Robert Jackson, a special envoy of UN Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim charged with the refugee problem.

Waldheim was also involved in the decision, according to the sources. The agencies also have decided to reduce the entire Thai border aid operation after the current monsoon season, but not later than October, with a view toward gradually phasing out the programme in favour of aid administered by the UN High Commissioner for Refugees and private voluntary agencies.

The controversial operation has aided Pol Pot-controlled areas as well as tens of thousands of Kampuchean living in encampments loosely run by free Khmer anti-communist guerrillas. It has also involved a "land bridge" which sent urgently needed food, rice seeds and other necessities into western Kampuchea.

Many diplomats to spurn Olympics

MOSCOW (UPI). — Dozens of nations that oppose the summer Olympics because of the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan have ordered their envoys in Moscow to stay away from the games and avoid taking part in any event connected with them, diplomatic sources said yesterday.

The diplomatic boycott will be even more widespread than the athletic boycott led by the U.S., the sources said, because a number of nations whose teams are taking part in the games have decided to keep all of the official representatives away from the Olympic stadiums.

A number of embassies that already have received courtesy tickets for the ceremony opening the games on July 19 indicated they would not use them. Ambassadors from many countries were planning to leave Moscow before the games begin.

Few diplomats were willing to talk on the record about details of their plans to snub the Soviets during the games, although they readily confirmed on a background basis that they were acting together, as a result of a series of informal discussions held in recent weeks.

marriage."

Princess Charles, the row could pressure Prince Charles against choosing the Luxembourg princess as his bride. Since King Henry VIII, the British monarch has been the leader of the Anglican church.

British government sources claimed that Northern Ireland Protestant extremists were "using" the prince to aggravate the conflict between Protestants and Roman Catholics in the British province where 11 years of sectarian violence has claimed more than 2,000 lives.

British gossip columnists, including the "Daily Mail's" Nigel Dempster, claim that Charles' mother, Queen Elizabeth II, favours the soft-featured Luxembourg princess as his future bride despite her religion.

Growing violence in Turkey claims 95 victims in week

ANKARA (Reuters). — At least 95 Turks died in political or sectarian clashes in Turkey last week, the worst weekly death toll for 18 months, police sources said yesterday.

The main violence was in the northern town of Corum, where 18 people died in three days despite a military curfew.

Most Corum victims were minority Alevi (Shia) Moslems, but the killings were politically motivated

because most Alevis are leftists, the sources said.

In one incident in Corum last week seven Alevis were tied up and executed by unknown gunmen.

The majority of Turks are Sunni Moslems. Alevis make up about 15 per cent of the national population, but in Corum the figure is closer to 30 per cent.

The rest of last week's killings were in scattered left-right incidents in Istanbul, Ankara and other parts of the country.

Ultimatum to Iran's women — wear veil or be fired

TEHERAN. — Women employed by the Iranian government will be fired immediately unless they are wrapped in traditional long black Islamic veils when they report to work at eight o'clock this morning, the revolutionary prosecutor-general warned yesterday.

"Should any woman member of staff appear at her office not wearing Islamic dress, their salaries and allowances will be terminated immediately," said an announcement from Hojatoleslam Qodoudi.

The announcement, in conformity with Ayatollah Khomeini's order, indicated there might be some modification of the all-enveloping black head veil and the full-length, long-sleeved chador to which some women object. It said an "Islamic office uniform for women" would be submitted soon to the Revolutionary Council and President Abolhasan Bani-Sadr, and then "office clothing will be uniform for all."

The revolutionary regime issued a manifesto the week before last requiring all female government employees to wear traditional Islamic dress. On Saturday, about 2,000 women demonstrated outside Bani-Sadr's office protesting the

regulation. He told them he would review the regulation, but "for the time being there is not going to be any action against anybody concerning 'dresses or covers'."

On Sunday, however, Radio Tehran broadcast a statement from Bani-Sadr urging women to wear the "Islamic dress" with perfect willingness and conviction... as a revolutionary action to further the Islamic revolution.

Meanwhile, an influential member of Iran's new parliament yesterday urged that the 53 American hostages face a court similar to the one that tried Nazi war criminals in Nuremberg.

"Repeatedly I have said that the Iranian nation has not taken hostages, but a bunch of spies, thieves who have been operating for 25 years in Iran, hoping, with trust of God, they will be tried in a court like the one in Nuremberg," said Fakhraddin Hejazi.

Hejazi received the most votes of any parliamentary candidate who ran in Tehran. He is a staunch supporter of the Islamic Republican Party, which favours spy trials for some of the hostages and which dominates the parliament, which is to decide their fate.

Sherlock Holmes may face 'emasculatation'

LONDON (AP). — The new adventures of Sherlock Holmes, the world's most famous detective, are about to begin.

Yesterday was the 50th anniversary of the death of Holmes' creator, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle. Under British law, the copyright of an author's work ceases 50 years after the author's death.

So Sherlock Holmes and his loyal assistant, Dr. Watson, as well as their arch foe, Professor Moriarty — not to mention Michael Clarke of Monmouth's Rebellion, Brigadier Gerard of the Napoleonic Wars, and

the Hound of the Baskervilles — all creations of Conan Doyle, can be made into books, put into plays, and turned into films, without a penny in royalties to anybody.

Those closely involved are philosophical about it.

Lady Bromet, 87, Conan Doyle's daughter and a retired director of the Women's Royal Air Force, says she hopes that present-day writers will write some new stories featuring her father's great investigator, and that the stories will have style.

John Grey Murray, head of the 200-year-old John Murray publishing house, which has



Cleveland Denny shown crumpled in his corner after fatal knockout blow. (UPI telephoto)

Boxer dies 17 days after knockout

MONTREAL. — A Guyana-born former Canadian boxing champion, Cleveland Denny, died yesterday 17 days after being knocked out during a fight, a hospital spokesman said.

Denny, the former lightweight titleholder, went into a coma after the knockout blow on June 29 by reigning champion Gerson Hart and never recovered consciousness.

Soviet aid to Liberia

MOSCOW (AP). — The Soviet Red Cross has decided to send relief supplies free of charge to Liberia, Tass news agency said yesterday.

The supplies, including medicines and dressings, will be dispatched to the West African nation by ship, the official Soviet agency said.

The Liberian Embassy in Moscow said it had not been informed of the aid.

Pope, in Brazil slum, pleads for poor

SALVADOR, Brazil (Reuters). — Pope John Paul yesterday visited a sprawling slum built on stilts and begged for help for the thousands living in makeshift homes there.

"I appeal to all who can or should, to help to let the echo of the anguish of your hearts enter into their hearts as they see how you lack food, clothing, housing, education, jobs — everything that you need to live like a human being," the pontiff said.

His visit to the favela (slum) of

Alagados, set in a beautiful bay, again underlined the pope's determination to make help for the poor the theme of his tour.

Very few people in Alagados, where houses are built on stilts to avoid flooding, earn the minimum wage of 3,480 cruzeiros (\$68) a month and most work part-time selling seafood, doing repair jobs and carrying loads.

The pope, on the eighth day of his 12-day Brazilian tour, called at Alagados for "a dialogue of love expressed through acts of assistance and sharing among brothers."

Interest in Holmes around the world is enormous.

Benny Green, a London critic, said that while still in copyright, Holmes was translated into 41 languages, including Japanese, Esperanto and shorthand; and that in 1968 the Conan Doyle estate disclosed that it was receiving royalties in 72 different currencies.

There is a concordance to Holmes, a glossary, two encyclopaedias, a gazetteer, an atlas and a heraldry, 54 plays, 116 silent films, 81 talkies, a ballet and even a Broadway musical, "Baker Street."

Ex-shah 'much better'

CAIRO (AP). — The former shah of Iran is "much better, in satisfactory condition," following surgery last week to drain an abscess, a doctor at Maadi Military Hospital said yesterday.

The specialist, who declined use of his name, said Mohammed Reza Pahlavi was still in intensive care and was expected to stay there for a few more days.

ISRAEL LANDS ADMINISTRATION

Southern District
Tender 42/80/b
Lease offered on Plot for Construction of a Hotel in Shechna Tet, Beersheba.

Bids are invited for a long-term lease of a plot for the construction of a three-star hotel of 240 rooms. Details as below:

Block	Urban Building Plan	Plot no.	Approx. Area	Minimum Price IL
38060	20/115/03/5	1	18,800 sq.m.	19,000,000
The successful bidder will also be required to pay IL7,700,000 to the Ministry of Housing for infrastructure work.				
Participation in the tender is conditional on obtaining approval from the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Tourism.				
Details, sample agreements and bid forms are available at our Beersheba office, Rehov Ben Zvi (over Ulamel Yahalom) during working hours.				
Last date for submitting an application for a recommendation from the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Tourism: August 8, 1980.				
Last date for submitting bids: September 7, 1980 (12 noon).				
A bid not found in the tender box when it is opened whatever the reason, cannot be considered.				
No undertaking is given to accept the highest or any bid.				

Free Guided Walking Tours

(in English)

- 1) NABOT SQUARE (ATARI) Sheikh Abed El Nab's Tomb, Independence Park, Tel Aviv Old Port. Meet at 2 p.m. at the clock at the beginning of Ben-Gurion Blvd. End of tour — approx. at 8 p.m. HELD: TODAY, July 8, August 5, September 9, 1980.
- 2) OLD JAFFA and surroundings, including the Flea Market. Meet at 3 p.m. at the Clock Tower in Jaffa (buses 8, 10, 90). End of tour — approx. at 8 p.m. HELD: July 22, August 19, September 23, 1980.

DON'T MISS THEM!

ENTERTAINMENT

TELEVISION

EDUCATIONAL: 9.00 School of the Week; 9.30 Cartoon; 9.45 Rent a Song; 10.00 English; 10.30 Last Islands; 10.50 Road Safety; 11.00 This is It (repeat); 11.30 Ma P'tom; 11.30 Maccabean; 11.40 Canadian minute; 11.50 News; 12.00 Special regards; 12.10 Family magazine; 12.30 News; 12.40 News; 12.50 News; 1.00 News; 1.10 News; 1.20 News; 1.30 News; 1.40 News; 1.50 News; 2.00 News; 2.10 News; 2.20 News; 2.30 News; 2.40 News; 2.50 News; 3.00 News; 3.10 News; 3.20 News; 3.30 News; 3.40 News; 3.50 News; 4.00 News; 4.10 News; 4.20 News; 4.30 News; 4.40 News; 4.50 News; 5.00 News; 5.10 News; 5.20 News; 5.30 News; 5.40 News; 5.50 News; 6.00 News; 6.10 News; 6.20 News; 6.30 News; 6.40 News; 6.50 News; 7.00 News; 7.10 News; 7.20 News; 7.30 News; 7.40 News; 7.50 News; 8.00 News; 8.10 News; 8.20 News; 8.30 News; 8.40 News; 8.50 News; 9.00 News; 9.10 News; 9.20 News; 9.30 News; 9.40 News; 9.50 News; 10.00 News; 10.10 News; 10.20 News; 10.30 News; 10.40 News; 10.50 News; 11.00 News; 11.10 News; 11.20 News; 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Rahamim Israel

The Mondale Formula

SOME STUDENTS of the Middle East lexicon may not have encountered a term probably originating in the carpeted interior of the State Department: the Mondale Formula.

It was devised just two years ago in an attempt to find middle ground between Washington's refusal to have American officials visit East Jerusalem under Israeli auspices, and Mayor Teddy Kollek's refusal to receive Vice-President Walter Mondale if the latter did not visit East Jerusalem with him.

The situation then appears to have a direct bearing on the transfer of Prime Minister Menachem Begin's office to East Jerusalem.

The Mondale Formula was proposed by the vice-president himself in Washington after some thought. He didn't want to offend the Arabs by appearing to extend American recognition to Israeli sovereignty over East Jerusalem. On the other hand, he didn't want to spoil his planned goodwill visit by offending his Israeli hosts.

Mondale's Formula was a visit to the Western Wall with Kollek. The visit, however, would be considered private, and Kollek would be invited as a "friend." President Carter personally approved the plan, and the Israeli government and Kollek himself accepted it.

ON THE APPOINTED day, July 1, 1978, a fleet of dark limousines fly-

The Post's ABRAHAM RABINOVICH reports on a compromise formula worked out by the U.S. vice-president to avoid harming sensibilities over Jerusalem. The formula has been widely accepted but will not be applied by U.S. presidential candidate John Anderson, who arrives in Israel for a visit today.

ing no flags of identity swept in over Mount Zion, breached Dung Gate, and braked in the Western Wall Plaza. The smiling Mondale and his Viennese-born friend emerged from among the security men and attendant diplomats.

Despite the value he attached to friendship, Kollek was interested in establishing for the record that he happened to be Mayor of Jerusalem. Before leading his guest to the Wall, he introduced him to a reception committee composed of members of the Jerusalem City Council, whose hands Mondale dutifully shook.

"The Mondale Formula," as it came to be known within the State Department, and its agencies in the Middle East, became the accepted protocol in Washington for visits by senior officials to Jerusalem. The form it took was a flagless visit to the Western Wall with Jerusalem's mayor via Mount Zion, the shortest route and one not passing through Arab areas.

However, it didn't necessarily chime in every detail with the Mondale Formula. This became clear last month when Kollek refused to receive U.S. Transportation Minister Neil Goldschmidt after he had turned down Kollek's suggestion to pay a visit to the Western Wall via Damascus Gate and the Moslem Quarter.

A senior aide to Kollek who deals with matters of protocol said that he had never heard of the Mondale Formula. "No one is going to tell Teddy where he takes his guests," the aide remarked.

THERE ARE indications that at least some other foreign governments have adopted the Mondale Formula. When German opposition leader Franz Joseph Strauss visited here recently, the German embassy in Tel Aviv asked the municipality to arrange a visit for him to the Western Wall by the shortest possible route, and to no other site in East Jerusalem.

"When he arrived," a municipal official recalled, "he said 'To hell with our Foreign Office. Let's go wherever you want.'"

The reluctance of American officials to visit even a religious site in East Jerusalem, except in the most politically innocuous circumstances, suggests what their attitude will be towards visits to the Prime Minister's Office, if it is moved there.

"It's an empty gesture that will be counter-productive," says former Deputy Mayor Meiron Benvenisti. "If the city is really united such demonstrative moves aren't needed that create a dilemma for even our closest friends."

It was Benvenisti who found a way out of the imbroglio created by the decision, in 1967, to hold official municipal receptions in the Citadel, an ancient fortress just inside the walls of the Old City.

Since this was former Jordanian territory, the Diplomatic Corps cleared its throat, and notified the municipality that it would regretfully be unable to attend.

Benvenisti's solution was to set up a reception table for the diplomats in the forecourt of the Citadel, just outside the walls. This had been no man's land rather than inside Israel proper before the Six Day War.

The Diplomatic Corps didn't put too fine a point on it, and has turned out in force at every reception since.

tion is devoted to blind artists. Johann Sebastian Bach was blind while dictating his work "Die Kunst der Fuge" to his son-in-law, John Milton, the author of "Paradise Lost," became blind when he was 43. Homer, famous for his epic poems, was blind, and so was Handel.

The tragedy of blindness inspired Picasso when he designed and painted works that were later used on stamps, such as "The Blind Man With a Guitar," "The Blind Man and His Meal," "The Blind Man and a Boy" and "A Woman With Leukemia in one Eye." This part of the exhibition culminated with an Israeli stamp on a biblical theme — "Samson the Blind." It depicted Samson, stout and strong, yet helpless after Dalia had betrayed him. The Philistines gouged out his eyes, the symbol of the soul, the source of knowledge and the light of life.

The appeal of Berar's exhibition is not limited to a closed circle of optical surgeons. It contains an historic and humane message, the inspiring work of a good man and a conscientious doctor, who loves his every-day work as much as he loves his hobby.

SPECIAL ATTENTION in Berar's collection was paid to blindness. There were stamps with the white cane, the Braille print, the specially trained dog.

The final part of Berar's exhibi-

History in stamps

By LADISLAV GROSZMAN/Special to The Jerusalem Post

It was King Solomon who said: "The light of the eyes rejoices the heart." The renowned medieval physician from Cordoba, Moses Maimonides, wrote an important article about optical medicine. Five hundred years later, another Jewish thinker, Baruch Spinoza, made his living by polishing optical lenses.

The history of optical medicine, as documented by Berar in his collection, has its mythology and its contemporary reality. Although the ancient Greek physician Hippocrates could not yet distinguish between glaucoma and cataracts, he was interested in diseases of the eyes, and Aristotle was the first person to dissect an animal eye and chart all its components in their precision.

Depicted on the small stamps are the famous scientists and thinkers: the astronomer Kepler with his

dioptrical glass; the physicist Newton with his work "The Scientific Theory of Colours"; another famous astronomer Galileo Galilei shown on a stamp with his invention the telescope; Leonardo da Vinci with his anatomical drawings.

Zamenhoff, famous as the creator of Esperanto, was also in the exhibition. In a leaflet containing comments on the exhibits, it is noted that his original profession was optical medicine. The great importance of the invention of the alphabet — and later musical notes — for the blind, was marked by stamps printed in honour of the famous Frenchman Louis Braille.

SPECIAL ATTENTION in Berar's collection was paid to blindness. There were stamps with the white cane, the Braille print, the specially trained dog.

The final part of Berar's exhibi-

Change of guard

Jerusalem Post Reporter

that he founded Elron, the first science-based industrial enterprise that has its roots in the Technion.

Today, the Elron group of companies has more than 3,000 on its payroll, among them 800 engineers and scientists, mostly Technion graduates. The best known companies in the group are Elbit Computers and Elscim, whose sales topped \$70m. last year.

In recognition of Gall's contribution to the development of science-

based industry in Israel and his devotion to the Technion, he was awarded an honorary doctorate in technical science in 1977.

"THE EIGHTIES must be the 'high technology decade' for Israel that will help us get close to economic independence," Gall told the Technion board of governors in his acceptance speech.

"It is probably the only way to build an environment that will

create enough opportunities for our young generation and make our country attractive to Jews throughout the world.

"Only then will our country take its place among the advanced industrial and post-industrial societies."

Outgoing board chairman Evelyn de Rothschild, who held the post for 10 years, during which the Technion has probably grown faster than in any previous decade, said that the Technion was faced with a reduction of grants relative to cost increases.

"This has resulted in the Technion's having to cut back in essential services. It is remarkable that even after the cut-backs that we can produce the results we do," he said.

beat and rhythm were interesting, too.

Thereafter, however, the best seemed always a recollection of what had gone before. The ingredients were stretches and releases, twists and turns, floor use, some leaps, plenty of arabesques. Though "Outcry" had more emotional drive than the other works — hands mostly fisted and the clinging together more expressive by the two figures in black — it wasn't really different.

Hints of jazz had occurred in several works. But the last one, "Jazz," was patently semi-disco and in happy mood, with hip pushing, high kicking, side swaying in a predictable manner. A programme of duets needed more variety than was offered here. The costuming was adequate, but not always appropriate.

War on disease

By YA'ACOV ARDON
Jerusalem Post Reporter



Efraim Racker

to the cells of our body, says Prof. Racker, fulfills Sigmund Freud's prediction that the causes of mental and emotional illnesses would one day be traced to their chemical foundations.

"We now use drugs, such as the anti-depressants, because their empirical application has shown that they are effective, though we don't yet fully understand the reasons for it. What is known is that certain conditions, like mental retardation, psychoses and aggression have genetic and biochemical causes. These causes are located in the central nervous system and they are probably due to an insufficiency or alteration of some essential, vital chemicals known as biogenic amines.

"For instance, schizophrenia and other forms of psychosis have a genetic component. A child has a 10 times greater chance of being

afflicted with this condition if one or both parents are schizophrenic. And in many cases biochemistry can now relieve the illness by chemical means."

PROF. RACKER is most emphatic when he explains that he owes our progress in this field to basic research. "He gives the following examples: In 1859, a chemist tried new chemicals to cure malaria. During these studies he discovered the first synthetic dyestuff and that was the beginning of the great dyestuff industry. In 1891, Paul Ehrlich found that methylene blue was a relief for malaria. In France, during World War II, biochemists found that certain relatives of methylene blue, such as chlorpromazine, were useful against certain allergies. Then, phenothiazine drugs, including chlorpromazine were used in the treatment of surgical shock. "And today we use these drugs against schizophrenia. What a tortuous road basic research and its application has taken: from malaria, to allergies, to surgery and now to mental illness. All this could not have happened without the basic work on the chemistry of methylene blue and chlorpromazine," says Prof. Racker.

"Let me make a statement which I believe to be an unassailable truth: every basic discovery we make about cells or cell components may be important for the correction of diseased cells. But we cannot predict which of our discoveries will be important or which will not."

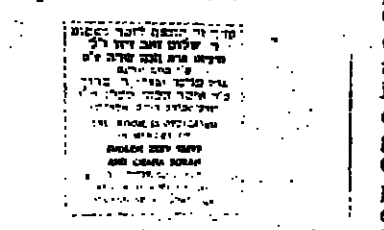
Prof. Racker warns against the arbitrary separation of basic from applied research. "Practical people" are prejudiced against the former, he warns. "Our function must be to understand. In health, cures result from better understanding, and that must remain our target. I quote to my students something Louis Pasteur said: 'There are no two sciences. There is basic research and there is the application of science, and the two are linked as the fruit is to the tree.'"



A Day of Great Spiritual Joy in Children's Town, Jerusalem

A Sefer Torah was presented by Mr. and Mrs. Beni and Nina Kaplan to the synagogue of "Children's Town" in Jerusalem on Sunday, June 15, 1980. It was a day of deep spiritual joy for this historic project when, before 450 children, Mr. and Mrs. Kaplan of Johannesburg brought in the Sefer Torah. The Kaplans have been connected with Children's Town since its establishment. They contributed to its founding by building the first room in our complex, which they dedicated in loving memory of Sholem Zeev Seeff and Chana Sorah. Throughout the years the Kaplans have remained devoted to Children's Town, and have helped build it into the magnificent project that has now become history. The children stood at both sides of the entrance to Children's Town, and greeted Mr. and Mrs. Kaplan with applause. As the Kaplans presented the Sefer Torah, the children sang "Seu Shearim Rashelechem..." They then recited the Psalm, "LeDavid Mizmor, Lashem Ha'aretz Umloah..." This

special prayer is said when a Sefer Torah is placed inside the Aron Kodesh. The children then sang additional moving songs in honour of this auspicious occasion.



The Chairman of the Board of Directors of Children's Town, Rabbi Menachem Porush MK, who also serves as Chairman of the Labour and Social

Affairs Committee of the Israel Knesset, spoke of the great merit of Mr. and Mrs. Kaplan in being privileged to celebrate this great day of the presenting of a Sefer Torah to Children's Town. One good deed leads to another. As Mr. and Mrs. Kaplan merited being one of the first to encourage the building of this great historic project, Children's Town, which provides a home for homeless children — so have they continued to fulfill many good deeds on its behalf. Upon conclusion of the ceremony, the children spent a delightful hour in the company of Mr. and Mrs. Beni Kaplan.

Top: Rabbi Menachem Porush MK, Chairman of the Board of Directors of Children's Town, and Mr. and Mrs. Beni Kaplan at the main entrance to Children's Town. Centre: Mr. and Mrs. Beni Kaplan at the entrance to the room which they donated. Bottom: Mr. and Mrs. Beni Kaplan presenting the Sefer Torah to the Synagogue of Children's Town. On Mr. Kaplan's right: Rabbi M. Porush, MK.



Joseph Tmim and Ruhana Paz

THE "Adam and Eve Dance Team" — two gifted young dancers from Beersheba, Joseph Tmim and Ruhana Paz — appeared in four works choreographed by Tmim at the Tel Aviv Tzavta on Sunday afternoon. They proved to be flexible, energetic, dedicated and highly attractive.

The shortcomings were mainly in the choreography. Tmim's dance vocabulary seemed limited as much in the way he used the moves as in their actual content.

Throughout, the dances were performed in a continuous run without enough time to give an attitude the chance to register — though some poses were well sculptured. Even in "Situations" (music: Billy Holiday), which was in more legato style and adagio tempo, there was the kind of smooth con-

Dedicated duo

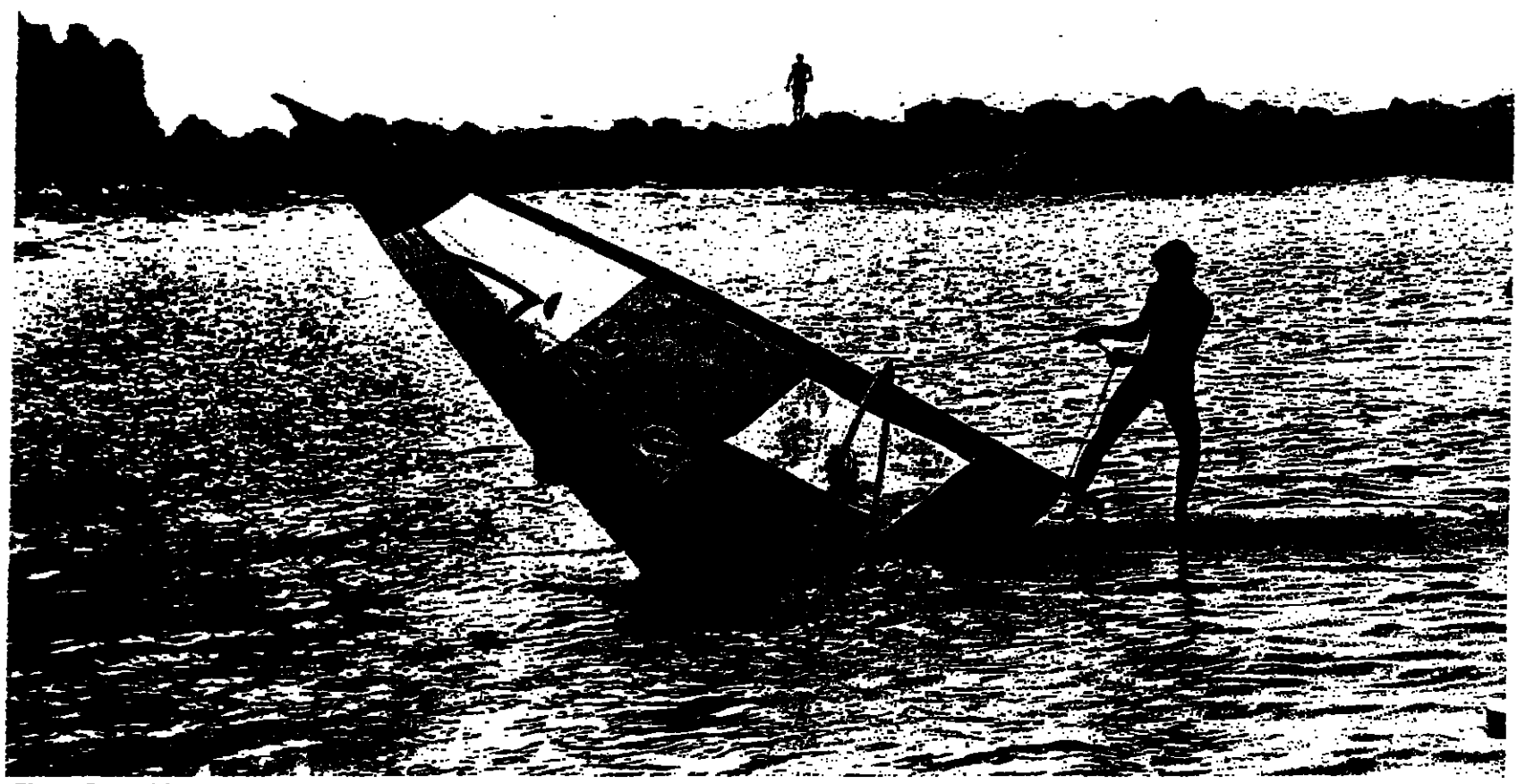
DANCE
Dora Sowden

tinuity that didn't allow for a digestion of kinetic meaning. It was just a flow of movement.

So the first item, "Only One Sunbeam," was interesting for the use made of spread fingers like the end feathers of large birds' wings. Indeed, the opening sound (music: Pink Floyd) was bird twitters. The coordination of bodies when the two got close and their obvious sense of



هكزاسن الأنجل



(Photos: Israel Talby)

Phyllis Glazer finds the answer is blowing in the wind.

Windsurfing

I WAS never any good at baseball, or any other sport where the ball was any smaller than my head. As for water sports, I always assumed that I was a fish out of water if I wasn't on dry land. But I'm re-evaluating my self-image, since I tried windsurfing.

Windsurfing is like riding the waves with a surfboard and a sail together. It's totally exhilarating, and according to Tzvi Hender (1972 Olympic World Champion in 420 dinghies), a great teacher and head of the Snapir Club in Tel Aviv, "It gets into your blood." It's harder than it looks, but easier than you think. And if I can do it, there's a very good chance you can too.

First, you don the rubber boots (some people go barefoot) and enter the water. That's the easy part. Next you have to learn to stand up and maintain your balance on the board. This may take several tries, or for some people the whole lesson. The trick is to stand on the centre of the board, with your feet about 24 cm. apart — toes pointed slightly inward. I fell at least three times.

Next, you must pull the rope attached to the mast in order to raise it to about a 90 degree angle to your body. It's pretty heavy in the beginning, and I fell in another three times.

Once you've got the mast up, you skillfully grab on to the bar in the middle of the sail, and you're off and sailing. Moving the bar forward and back according to the direction of the wind, helps you change course. It's a bit hard to raise the mast, and even harder to orient yourself with the bar, particularly on a windy day. But practice makes perfect, and with determination and stick-to-it-iveness, it's glorious.

If you think you'd like to try windsurfing, you might want to try the seven-hour windsurfing course offered at Snapir. The first hour is devoted to theory — familiarizing yourself with the equipment and how it works. The next three hours are spent in the still water of a bay area or even the giant pool at Hayarkon Park. Your final three hours are spent in the sea. Fee for the course is IS350, with all equipment included. For those already addicted, the cost of an imported windsurfer is about \$800, taxes and VAT included. Snapir's phone number is 03-450995, or 450386.

Who windsurfs? A lot of young people. But on quiet Saturday mornings, you can also find such people as U.S. ambassador Samuel Lewis and actor Elie Gorfitsky trying their luck and skill. Windsurfing, a total-body sport, is suitable for anyone age 10 and up.

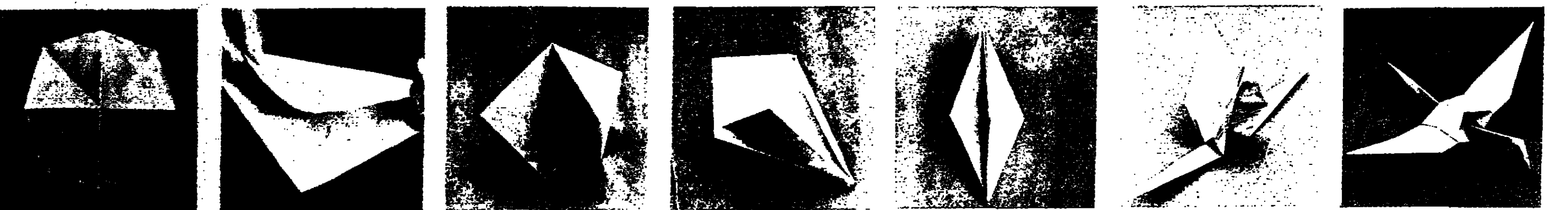
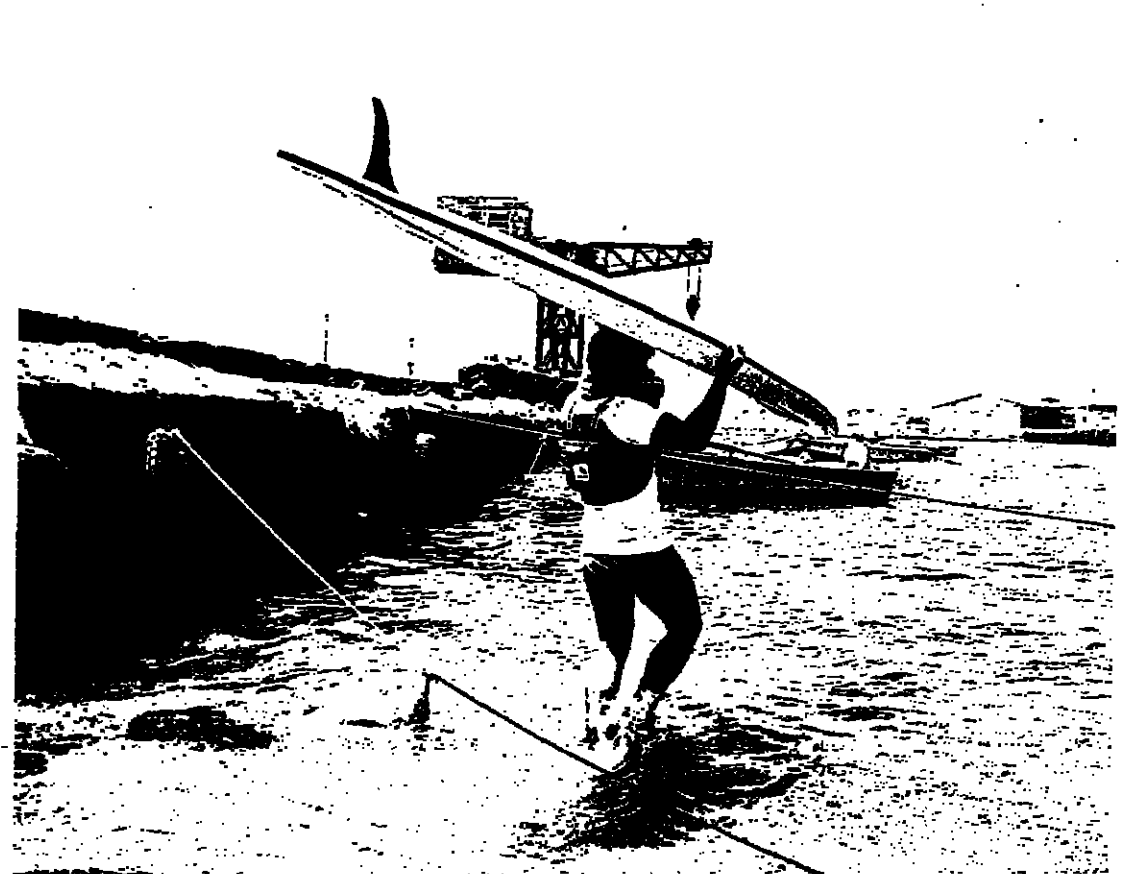
Fortunately for us, Israel is an ideal place for windsurfing. Sites include Tel Aviv, Caesaria, Ashkelon, Rosh Hanikra, Nahariya, Bat Yam, and Eilat (where the water is considered especially suitable because of climate and visibility).

If you'd rather be under than over, Snapir also offers scuba courses at their centre, mornings or evenings beginning every two weeks. But they are also willing to teach anywhere in the country for classes of over 15 people. Price for the course is IS450 for a two-star (30 metre) certificate.

And if you're sea-worthy, Snapir also offers navigation courses for speedboats, small sailing boats and off-shore sailing. The certification course lasts a year, includes five tests, and costs \$300. I think I'll conquer windsurfing first.

forward and back according to the direction of the wind, helps you change course. It's a bit hard to raise the mast, and even harder to orient yourself with the bar, particularly on a windy day. But practice makes perfect, and with determination and stick-to-it-iveness, it's glorious.

If you think you'd like to try windsurfing, you might want to try the seven-hour windsurfing course offered at Snapir. The first hour is devoted to theory — familiarizing yourself with the equipment and how it works. The next three hours are spent in the still water of a bay area or even the giant pool at Hayarkon Park. Your final three hours are spent in the sea. Fee for the course



ORIGAMI is the art of paperfolding — no pasting, no cutting — dating back almost 2,000 years when paper was invented by the Chinese. Many people have practiced origami without knowing it — for instance, the paper airplanes and fortune tellers that children make in school.

But origami can be done on many levels: as an art on a level with painting and sculpture; to illustrate some basic engineering principles; strength of materials, stress and strain, tension and compression; for architects and designers trained in the Bauhaus School of Architecture; in the mathematics classroom to demonstrate two and three dimensional geometric figures; for all kinds of decorative purposes and packaging; for magic (many magicians are origami fans); for use with mentally or emotionally disturbed people; occupational therapy; and in the Far East, for ritualistic purposes. The Chinese burn paper models of bowls, money, houses, etc. in funeral rites to make the life of the deceased in the next world more comfortable; the Japanese give specific folds with a gift, each fold having a special meaning.

I personally enjoy origami on the simple level — to take a simple piece of paper, and with no tools but my fingers, turn it into a rabbit, a boat, an action toy or a basket to hold nuts for a party. It gives me pleasure and satisfaction.

In the last 20 years origami has been a "growth industry" in the West, especially in the U.S. Much of the credit for this is due to my mother.

When I was a little girl, my sister

Manifold art

Rosaly Yevnin explains Origami's intricacies.

was frequently ill and my mother searched for something to while away the hours in doctors' waiting rooms. She came across a lovely, simple book called "The Chinese Art of Paperfolding." Later, my mother remarried a man who was a contributor to Israeli and local causes and as a result she found herself attending a lot of charity dinners. My mother cannot sit and do nothing, but she obviously could not take knitting to those fancy dinners, so origami re-emerged.

While all the tedious speeches were going on, she sat contentedly folding a piece of paper in her lap.

She showed this work to an occupational therapist friend, who fell upon it with glee. Just the thing for the criminally insane who were not allowed any implements, even a pencil; just the thing for a patient who was not up to a more demanding project like leather work; just the thing for many of the patients it seemed, as soon, even the doctors

and nurses were being shown how to fold by the patients.

All this activity in old Japanese art (the Japanese took to it avidly from about the eighth century onwards) was brought to the attention of the Japanese English New York paper and they published a series of articles on what these ladies were doing with the art. These articles reached the late Meyer Berger of "New York Times." It so happened that on that day, the editor of the "N.Y. Times" was showing a Japanese editor around the offices. When they came to Meyer Berger's room, Berger asked him about origami, and immediately the Japanese editor took a piece of paper and folded a model. Mr. Berger decided it was time to visit my mother, which he did. The next day he printed an article about origami. After it appeared, my mother was inundated with letters, phone calls and requests to appear on television and radio shows, which in turn engendered more letters. Eventually, the Origami Centre was established, and books on the subject began to proliferate.

Many exhibitions have been held, these written, and creativity in the field surged ahead by leaps and bounds. The Origami Centre receives hundreds of new folds all the time — a man on a horse, Jonah inside the whale, a train with an engine and cars attached, a Magen David — all made with one piece of paper and no cutting or pasting.

Now, I am conducting origami workshops at the Israel Museum. And we hope to form an Israel Origami Society. Workshops (for children age 10 upwards, and

adults) will take place on July 15, and 29, and August 12 and 26, at 7 sharp and cost IL75 for non-members and IL50 for Museum members. Those interested can call the Israel Museum, 02 632631, extension 213.

Finally, a plea for help. In the U.S. and England it is possible to buy already cut squares of suitable paper in many colours. Here, after a search in Jerusalem, I have found the right quality paper (coloured on one side and white on the other) and can get it cut into squares for my workshops. But it comes in only 5 colours and also, since it has to be cut, is not available for the folder to buy over the counter. If anyone could help we would all be grateful.

Today is edited by Joanna Teytel.

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REPORT SUSPICIOUS OBJECTS!

The object of the exercise

Joan Borsten sweats, aches and curses — and comes back for more. The photographs are by Lester Millman.

LAST YEAR I would have laughed myself silly had someone suggested that I would today be a bona fide Nautilus addict — regularly and willingly exercising everything from my quadriceps and latissimus dorsi to my sternocleidomastoid neck muscles on 10 machines that look like props from "Star Wars."

I'm not opposed to physical fitness. In fact, in high school I used to get "A's" in sports. But over the years, keeping in shape has become a chore. Swimming is a pain because daily laps mean constantly washing and blow drying my hair. Tennis is out because of my irregular work hours which make it impossible to book courts and keep partners. Dance classes bore me — after six years of modern jazz I'm still a beginner. I don't have enough self-discipline to jog or exercise at home.

But midway through a high-protein crash diet this spring, just as the season's beautiful, skimpy new swimsuits went on sale, I decided enough was enough. Just losing weight wasn't going to tone sagging muscles, or remedy the fact that by 2 p.m. each day I was out of energy. Distasteful as it was, I would force myself to join a health club and do pushups.

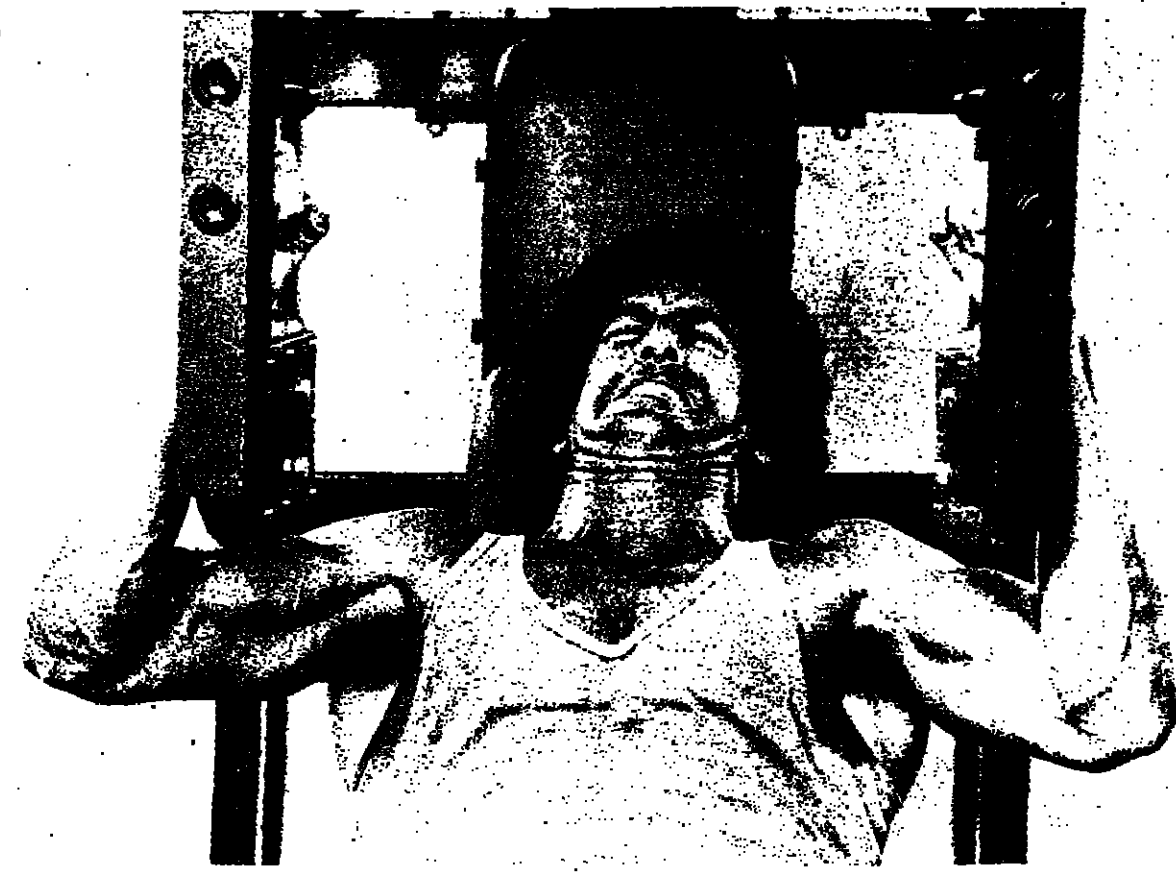
A friend suggested the Tel Aviv Hilton, home of the only Nautilus centre this side of the Statue of Liberty. You don't know what Nautilus is? Neither did I. But then I read "Newsweek" and "World Tennis" and now I know it's the rage in America, a physical fitness system that, after being used for two decades exclusively by athletes, is now available to ordinary mortals. It's also the programme being toasted coast-to-coast by everyone from Billy Jean King, who credits it with her tennis come-back, to tens

of thousands of business executives who pay fat fees for the privilege of working out on the machines three times a week, 30-45 minutes a session. It's also, according to its advocates, the quickest, most efficient way of keeping all of the body's muscles sleek.

Although pumping iron was something I'd always avoided, I decided to give Nautilus a try last April. The machines, spread across a big room in the Hilton's basement, which is nicely garnished with green plants and full-length mirrors, looked innocuous enough. So did Eileen Dreyfuss, a trim and slim 25-year-old new immigrant from the suburbs of Philadelphia and her 29-year-old equally fit husband Nimi, one of the stars of Hapoel Tel Aviv's soccer team. They own the equipment and rent space from the Hilton.

I let Eileen strap me into the first contraption, a chrome and leather "hip and back" machine that looks like a gynecologist's examining table. Flat on my back, both legs stretched over the side of the machine, a barrel-shaped cushion wedged beneath each thigh, I was told to raise one leg — bending the knees on the way up — until it was parallel with the table. Then, just as slowly, I was to return the leg to its original position and repeat the exercise with the other leg, a minimum of eight.

It wasn't easy. Those cute little cushions are linked by pulley to weights and controlled by a silver cam which is shaped like a Nautilus sea shell. The cam creates resistance against the muscles, working them slowly and smoothly. The key to Nautilus, Nimi claims, is that the system stretches the muscle to its fullest range of motion. Having barely passed physiology I wouldn't know. I can testify,



however, that thanks to Eileen's prodding I sweated, ached, and cursed my way through an entire cycle of Nautilus — 10 machines, 16 exercises — felt good and came back for more. I'm now on my 36th session.

The results manifested themselves in about four different areas: I have so much additional energy now that I've stopped sleeping in the afternoons. I have more flexibility, or as Eileen puts it, "no back pains from washing dishes or

mopping the floor and the ability to swing a tennis racket much farther." My endurance is greater because I go quickly from one exercise to another, stopping only to change weights and adjust seat height. My figure is tauter and

trimmer because the muscles have expanded under the skin.

The gynecologist's table, by the way, is not the worst of the machines. Neither is the cotton gin which exercises the quadriceps, hamstrings and buttocks. To work out on that, you climb into the driver's seat, strap yourself in, slip the barrel-shaped cushions (which are connected to the Nautilus-shaped pulley which are connected to the weights) on to the joint between foot and leg, and lift. Ah-h-h.

The killer is what "Newsweek" cheerfully describes as "halfway between a torture rack and a dentist's chair." That's for the upper body. Sit yourself down, strap in. Extend arms to the side, bend elbows, position forearms on leather pads. Slowly move each arm forward 90 degrees, until the pads meet. When I began Nautilus I could only do the exercise eight times with Eileen or Nimi's help. Now I can do 12 independently.

That's progress. What makes Nautilus unique, and not just another fly-by-night American fad, is the place of honour it has occupied in the locker rooms of pro-football teams, and in the gyms of body builders, since the late 1960s when a Floridian invented the prototype for a Tulsa, Oklahoma YMCA. Arthur Jones left his machines there until 1971, when he exhibited them in Los Angeles. His timing was fortuitous: the fitness boom was just taking shape. The millionaire, who made his fortune stalking big game in the jungles of Africa and South America and hosting a TV programme called "Wild Cargo," became even richer. There are some 1,500 Nautilus Centres in the U.S. today, and some call it the trend of the '80s.

The Dreyfuss couple discovered Nautilus two years ago. Nimi, who grew up on Kibbutz Givat Haim and played water polo for the national team before switching to soccer, has dreamed of owning a health centre since taking part in an army physical fitness study. The high level of tolerance he was able to achieve after a week's intensive training made him want to help others get into shape.

The question was: Which equipment? And in which country? Nimi had lived in the U.S. since winning an athletic scholarship to Adelphi University on Long Island, where he met social work/psychology/physical education major Eileen.

A season with Hapoel Tel Aviv and a course at Wingate convinced Nimi that the local attitude toward physical fitness was changing, and the time was ripe to open a health club in Tel Aviv. A chance work out at an American Nautilus centre convinced the veteran of numerous exercise programmes that he'd found the ideal system.

"What I like was that each machine is very specific, isolating a different group of muscles and giving them a workout," said Nimi sitting behind the desk at Nautilus, one eye on the exercisers, among them members of the Macabees Tel Aviv swim team and of his own soccer team, as well as Aulele Perry and Uri Malmilian. Individualized programmes and supervision by the Dreyfuss duo is one of the Tel Aviv Nautilus Centre's major plusses.

"Anyone — businessman, woman, insurance agent, athlete, someone who wants to do something for his health — can use the machines and benefit from them. The system is that flexible. It can also be adapted to rehabilitation patients, especially those with back, knee, joint, and shoulder problems. We had someone here from Venezuela recently with tennis elbow. It disappeared after a two week programme."

"Also, the emphasis is on form, not on weight lifting. We add weight gradually, as the muscle's strength increased. And with Nautilus, women don't develop large muscles."

Eileen, a long-time sports enthusiast, an avid squash and tennis player, always avoided working with weights. "I thought they were for men," she said. "But Nautilus is different, as she discovered after Nimi came home preaching the benefits of the new system."

"I was jogging every other day at the time," she says. "My endurance was pretty good. I did stretch exercises before and after to maintain flexibility. But I wasn't physically fit. After working out three times a week with Nautilus for over a year, I have much more endurance, strength, energy, and flexibility."

She may need it. While Nimi minds the shop this summer, Eileen is going to take courses and workshops at the Nautilus headquarters in Lake Helen, Florida, where inventor Jones lives in a 14-room mansion with his fourth wife, 40 pet crocodiles, and menagerie of tarantulas, scorpions, and poisonous snakes.

Standing up to summer

Gali sandals and sports shoes are as tough as they're pretty, writes Phyllis Glazer.

WITH LONG, hot, busy Israeli summers in mind, Gali has come up with a line of sandals which are both tough and pretty.

The sandals are sporty-elegant, with thinner straps, finer stitching and a wedge heel, available in three different heights. Colours are natural, brown, denim and tea-rose.

Another comfortable shoe for the season is the clog, and Gali has come up with its own finer, more elegant interpretations. These too will be available in three heel sizes, and colours brown and natural.

Their professional quality tennis, training and jogging shoes are out in new styles and materials. Uppers are made of nubuck and/or Kyra — a new vinyl and terry (frotte) material developed in Germany and used by leading European sports shoe manufacturers. They also have soft cotton-covered pads for ed inner linings, to absorb moisture

and provide softness and flexibility. They are available in a variety of classic colours.

Gali began in 1957 with a one-room workshop and a simple sandal, and celebrated 1970 with the opening of a new factory and a new sporty flexible style shoe. This shoe was called Redpoint. Its distinctive, bold stitching, "tractor" sole, and rugged earthy look created a revolution in shoe design in Israel. To help their new image, Gali chose a frog as a mark of carefree comfort, and affixed him to the soles and sides of all their shoes.

By 1978, consumer demand decreed that they create shoes for a wider range of activities. Tornado, their super-popular sports shoe, was the result.

Gali shoes may be found at Gali and other shoe stores throughout the country. Look for the sign of the frog — they say it's a sign of "total satisfaction."



IN SPACES between dozens of buckets of clay and glazes, in the maze of porcelain and stoneware functional and decorative pottery, you find students working on the wheel, hand-building, sculpting, mixing glazes. One is painting delicate wheel-thrown miniatures with a Japanese brush work design; another is modelling a head; another is glazing a caricature figurine; yet others are gathering the tiles and sculptures for a mammoth wall decoration, carving an intricate design into a casserole.

The kiln is cooling and the students are excitedly waiting to see their successes — and failures — all literally too hot to handle for several hours yet.

On one of the seventeen wheels for teaching, the instructor is giving a special demonstration:

"And now we'll throw two colours of clay simultaneously on a wheel so that the bowl is one colour inside, another outside."

Sounds like a conjuring trick. In fact it is a highly skilled technique devised by Jerusalem potters, Louis and Lorna Sakalovsky. This week they will pass on the secrets of

Hot pot

Sandra Gruber is fired with enthusiasm for ceramic courses.

their skill to over twenty professional potters from all over Israel who will spend four intensive days and nights, elbow-deep in clay, at a seminar in their studio.

The seminar is a result of the Sakalovskys' exhibition last year at the Jerusalem Theatre. Louis, a lecturer in Bezalel's Ceramics Department, and Lorna immigrated four years ago from South Africa, bringing with them specialist techniques and skills. The Israeli potters were so in-

terested in these techniques that they asked for more information — and the idea of a seminar grew from this.

In Johannesburg, the Sakalovskys ran a private teaching studio which became the largest in South Africa. Now their Givat Shaul studio gives Jerusalem students, beginners and professionals alike, a thorough training in technology, techniques and design, as well as giving them the freedom of their own creativity.

Most students spend a week of nine hours a week at the studio, six hours of tuition and three hours for their own work. The majority make functional articles, others are more experimental, some actually sell their work. It's difficult to give your first pots away — successful or not, they take on a special value.

Examining the beautiful two-colour clay bowls and cylinders, I asked Lorna if she was worried about competition after sharing the tricks of her trade. Her answer: "If you want to be a good teacher, you have to give away secrets; the more you give the more you can create. A craftsman should impart his craft and look for something new."

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London's biggest takeover bid British Petroleum offers over \$1b. for mining concern

LONDON (Reuters). — The biggest takeover bid in London's financial history was announced yesterday when British Petroleum (BP) offered more than a billion dollars for a big mining group — another step by a giant oil company away from oil.

BP and the mining group, Selection Trust, both issued statements saying their boards had agreed terms of a £427.7m. (\$1,005b.) offer by BP for Selection Trust's shares.

It follows a trend by the world's leading oil companies to diversify their activities.

BP and others have been turning their attention increasingly towards the mining of coal and other minerals, in the face of rising oil costs, calls for oil conservation and the eventual prospect of oil supplies running short.

BP has made little secret of its wish to expand. Earlier this year, BP chairman Sir David Steel said that although the company wanted to develop oil and gas resources wherever possible, it also wanted to move into other activities, "mainly connected with the production and use of energy and other resources."

Plan to cut housing costs 35% through land grants

By ROBERT ROSENBERG
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Housing Ministry yesterday dismissed as "amateurish" a Labour Party official's plan for deducting the cost of land from the cost of an apartment for eligible families.

An official at the Housing Ministry, who refused to be identified, said that "there's nothing new" in the plan set forth yesterday by Shikun Ovidim director-general Rafi Edri.

Edri's plan calls for the construction of 45,000 flats on state land. He said he believes that by discounting the land cost, apartment prices could be cut by some 35 per cent.

The ministry official said that Edri, who as head of the Histadrut's Shikun Ovidim building company has been tipped as a candidate for housing minister, should Labour form the next government, "knows that it's an amateurish plan."

Edri's plan would result in massive subsidization by the Housing Ministry, but according to the Labour official in the ministry yesterday, it would be the subsidization of "the commodity and not the needy."

"Edri's plan wouldn't distinguish between poor people and rich people, and it would be an inducement for people not to move to development towns," the Housing Ministry official said.

Price rises and profit-taking

By YORAM BAR
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Prices continued to rise yesterday in all sectors, but there was some profit-taking among certain shares, which led to moderate drops.

Commercial banks, after several days of marking time, yesterday rose by an average of 2.5 per cent. The largest turnover was Hapoalim registered, IL21.3m., but its price did not rise, despite the fact that demand was quite high.

In the insurance sector rises of up to 6 per cent were registered with Ararat IL5 rising by 6.1 per cent. Four shares, Zur bearer, Zur registered, Yardenia IL5 and Yardenia IL2 were "buyers only," that is, they rose by 5 per cent without any turnover.

Among industrial shares the trend was mixed, with Rim IL4 registered leading with a gain of 8.3 per cent, to stand at 354 points. The largest fall was chalked up by Hadera Paper Mills registered, which went down by 4.4 per cent to stand at 1,100. (It will be recalled that the plant is having some labour troubles.)

Caesarea registered, among land development shares, rose by 9.7 per cent, to stand at 294 points, and led the gains in this sector. Gav Yam IL5 rose by 4 per cent, to stand at 546 points.

Investors are waiting to see how the Lapidot shares, which are traded only once a week, will react today. Naphta registered managed to rise again by 1.6 per cent, to stand at 1,600 points.

In the bond market which has lately been overshadowed by

stocks, there were changes of about half a per cent in either direction among index-linked bonds.

The publication by the Central Bureau of Statistics showed last week that the general index of bonds has gone up by 1.4 per cent a week over the last few weeks. This, of course, is not an attractive figure for those who are watching the activities in shares, which seem to be producing much better gains. It is hard to persuade investors to go into a solid investment when they see others making considerable profits overnight from shares.

However, we have already said in this column that the stock market has reached a point where swift fluctuations in either direction are highly likely, and the demand for index-linked bonds may quickly come back into favour.

UNITED MIZRAHI BANK



Foreign Currency Rates

for 7.7.80

Country	Currency		Buying Selling		Buying Selling	
			Cheques and transactions		Banknotes	
U.S.A.	Dollar	1	50.1418	50.5182	49.8300	50.5300
Great Britain	Sterling	1	118.3597	119.2482	117.6200	119.9600
Germany	Mark	1	28.7345	28.9502	28.5900	29.1300
France	Franc	1	12.3669	12.4597	12.2700	12.5400
Holland	Guilder	1	26.2453	26.4423	26.0000	26.6100
Switzerland	Franc	1	31.3190	31.5541	31.1200	31.7900
Sweden	Krona	1	12.1349	12.2200	11.9000	12.3000
Norway	Krone	1	10.4258	10.4900	10.2000	10.5000
Denmark	Krone	1	9.2683	9.3379	9.0900	9.4000
Canada	Dollar	1	13.8794	13.9746	13.6100	14.0600
Australia	Dollar	1	43.9542	44.2640	43.5100	44.6600
South Africa	Rand	1	58.1143	58.5505	57.6700	59.4400
Belgium	Franc	10	65.3499	65.8757	64.5300	66.0700
Austria	Schilling	10	17.9398	18.0744	17.1200	18.1900
Italy	Lira	1000	40.4124	40.7158	40.1600	40.9700
Japan	Yen	1000	60.0880	60.5370	59.0800	60.9100
			229.7974	231.6224	228.3700	232.3500

"Dollar Paz" and "Euro Paz"									
Buying and Selling rates for 7.7.80									
		Buying		Selling					
		1 unit		1 unit					
"Dollar Paz"	1 unit	186.4868		187.5867					
"Euro Paz"	1 unit	237.2891		239.2206					

Interest rates (%) for non-resident deposit accounts (Patach) and Israeli resident deposit accounts (Patam) for 8.7.80									
		Patach		Patam					
		period — no. of months							
		3	6	12	3	6	12		
U.S.A.	Dollar	9	9%	9%	7%	7%	8%		
Great Britain	Sterling	13%	14%	13%	14%	13%	12%		
Germany	Mark	9%	9%	8%	7%	7%	7%		
Holland	Guilder	9%	9%	8%	8%	8%	9%		
Canada	Dollar	10%	10%	10%	10%	9%	9%		
France	Franc	11%	11%	12%	10%	11%	11%		
Switzerland	Franc	5%	5%	5%	3%	3%	3%		
"Euro Paz"	1 unit	11%	10%	10%	10%	7%	7%		

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Yesterday's foreign exchange rates against the Israeli pound, for U.S. dollar transactions under \$500, and transactions in other currencies under the equivalent of \$500.

INTERBANK LONDON SPOT RATES:

U.S.\$ 3.3576/85 per £
Swiss Fr. 1.6030/40 per £
Belgium Fr. 27.0780/90 per £
French Fr. 6.4500/60 per £
Austrian Sch. 13.7538/48 per £
Canadian \$ 43.9504/14 per £
Swedish Kr. 12.2228/38 per £
Danish Kr. 9.3325/35 per £
Norwegian Kr. 10.4612/22 per £
Finnish Mark 13.7538/48 per £
Canadian \$ 43.9504/14 per £
Swedish Kr. 12.2228/38 per £
Danish Kr. 9.3325/35 per £
Norwegian Kr. 10.4612/22 per £
Finnish Mark 13.7538/48 per £

FORWARD RATES:

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U.S.\$ 3.3412/28 3.3152/20 3.2812/12
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Sw Fr/\$ 1.3572/52 1.3556/48 1.3504/44

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Tel Aviv Stock Exchange

Closing price	Volume	Change	Closing price	Volume	Change
IL1,000	IL1,000		IL1,000	IL1,000	
Com. Banks & Banking			Industrial		
IDB pr	3612.0	2.0	Urdan IL4	322.0	+18.0
IDB pr	517.0	+4.25	Urdan IL5	462.0	+25.0
IDB pr	517.0	+20.7	Urdan pr	255.0	+1.0
IDB pr A	590.0	19.9	Elbit IL4	677.0	79.3
IDB pr B	1488.0	183.5	Elbit IL5	581.0	106.3
IDB pr C	878.0	255.6	Alliance	x2360.0	3.7
IDB pr D	705.0	490.9	Elco 1	945.0	5.5
IDB pr E	723.0	32.1	Elco IL2.5	480.0	41.3
Union	821.0	967.0	Elco IL3.5	478.0	18.4
Union pr	1478.0	21.1	Elco opA	386.0	12.5
Union pr 3	740.0	34.4	Elco20%db1	196.5	32.2
Union pr 4	373.0	27.0	Elco IL2	700.0	16.4
Union pr 5	349.0	143.1	Elco IL3	473.0	38.3
Union pr 6	228.0	488.2	Elco IL4	611.0	70.0
Discount	997.0	37.7	Elco IL5	406.0	6.0
Discount A	541.0	54.1	Elco20%db2	265.0	68.0
Discount B	373.0	87.8	Elron IL2	1182.0	b.o.
Discount C	582.0	336.5	Elron opA	700.0	86.3
Mirab IL1	387.0	896.7	Argaman pr1	350.0	49.1
Mirab pr1	—	—	Argaman pr2	361.0	38.0
Mirab pr2	2178.0	32.7	Argaman pr3	347.0	92.0
Mirab pr3	2178.0	146.9	Argaman pr4	374.0	111.5
Mirab pr4	—	—	Argaman pr5	157.0	199.1
Mirab pr5	700.0	15.0	Atas	142.0	2,558.1
Mirab pr6	594.0	12.1	Ata opA	107.0	1,233.9
Mirab pr7	488.0	54.1	Ata opB	182.0	48.5
Mirab pr8	438.0	394.7	Ata opC	182.0	92.4
Hapoalim pr	1138.0	4.5	Dubek r	1000.0	30.2
Hapoalim pr2	883.0	9,835.9	Dubek b	982.0	21.1
Hapoalim pr3	868.0	7,733.5	Fertilizers	288.0	384.3
Hapoalim pr4	868.0	7,733.5	Cables r	182.0	27.0
Hapoalim pr5	868.0	7,733.5	Cables b	182.0	27.0
Hapoalim pr6	868.0	7,733.5	HaifaChem	483.0	198.1
Hapoalim pr7	868.0	7,733.5	HaifaChem opA	483.0	43.9
Hapoalim pr8	868.0	7,733.5	HaifaChem opB	483.0	43.9
Hapoalim pr9	868.0	7,733.5	HaifaChem opC	483.0	43.9
Hapoalim pr10	868.0	7,733.5	Teva r	387.0	52.8
Hapoalim pr11	868.0	7,733.5	Teva pr	387.0	52.8
Hapoalim pr12	868.0	7,733.5	Teva pr2	387.0	52.8
Hapoalim pr13	868.0	7,733.5	Teva pr3	387.0	52.8
Hapoalim pr14	868.0	7,733.5	Teva pr4	387.0	52.8
Hapoalim pr15	868.0	7,733.5	Teva pr5	387.0	52.8
Hapoalim pr16	868.0	7,733.5	Teva pr6	387.0	52.8
Hapoalim pr17	868.0	7,733.5	Teva pr7	387.0	52.8
Hapoalim pr18	868.0	7,733.5	Teva pr8	387.0	52.8
Hapoalim pr19	868.0	7,733.5	Teva pr9	387.0	52.8
Hapoalim pr20	868.0	7,733.5	Teva pr10	387.0	52.8

New York Stock Exchange

Exchange		
Closing prices July 7		
Dow Jones Industrial Average: 288.29 up 9.30		
Volume: 42,584,000		
	Price	Change
Allied Chemical	49	+1%
Am. Ltd.	54 1/4	+1%
Avco	21 1/4	+1%
Boeing	37	+ 1/2
Burroughs	67 1/4	+1%
Bell & Howell	24 1/4	+ 1/2
Bally Manufacturing	28 3/4	+1%
Bausch and Lomb	43 1/4	+ 1/2
Control Data	58 1/4	+1%
Curtis Wright	22	+1 1/2
Dow Chemical	35	+ 1/2
Eastman Kodak	58 1/4	+ 1/2
Ford Motor	25 1/4	n.c.
General Dynamics	67 1/4	+ 1/2
Gulf & Western	16 1/4	n.c.
Holley Inc.	21	+ 1/2
Honeywell	83 1/4	+ 1/2
Hilton Hotels	32 1/4	+ 1/2
IBM	62	+ 1/2
Lockheed	37 1/4	+ 1/2
Litton Ind.	39 1/4	+ 1/2
LTV	10 1/4	—
McDonnell Douglas	31 1/4	—
Merrill Lynch	26 1/4	+1 1/2
MGM	5 1/4	n.c.
Motrola	5 1/4	+ 1/2
NCR	59 1/4	—
Natoma	50 1/4	+1 1/2
National Semiconductor	27 1/4	+ 1/2
Occidental Petroleum	23	+ 1/2
Packaging Corp.	21	+ 1/2
Pan American Airways	5 1/4	—
Polaroid	24 1/4	+ 1/2
RCA	23 1/4	— 1/2
Revlon	47 1/4	+ 1/2
Raytheon	77 1/4	+ 1/2
Sears Roebuck	73 1/4	n.c.
Sperry Rand	50 1/4	+ 1/2
SynTex	39 1/4	+1 1/2
American Tel & Tel	31 1/4	+ 1/2
Telex	5 1/4	n.c.
Teledyne	128	+1 1/2
Tyco Laboratories	36 1/4	+ 1/2
UAL	18 1/4	+ 1/2
Union Carbide	44 1/4	+1 1/2
Western Union	25 1/4	+ 1/2
Westinghouse Electric	25 1/4	+ 1/2
U.S. Steel	20	+ 1/2
Xerox	89	n.c.
Exxon	49	+ 1/2
Zenith Radio	10 1/4	—
American Stock Exchange		
Amer. Ice Paper Mills	2 1/4	n.c.
Eis. Lavad	4 1/4	—
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Tamuz 24, 5740 - Sha'aban 24, 1400

A backward step

MOST JEWS in this country, as well as a goodly number of Arabs, will doubtless be repelled, indeed incensed, by the views attributed to the ten Israeli Arabs now confined to their homes from dusk to dawn, and forbidden to leave their home towns, under restriction orders served on them by the army over the past month.

The question is whether, in a democratic and law-abiding land that is not being threatened with an actual emergency, such measures are to be considered acceptable, or even tolerable.

The first to be served the orders were two Haifaites, both members of the Council Against Land Confiscation, one a Rakah activist, early last month. Their apparent offence was attendance at a Nazareth gathering, called to protest the car-bombings of the mayors of Nablus and Ramallah, a week earlier.

Another group of eight, which included four student activists and four members of the Iba al-Balad movement, received their orders over the past week. Their precise offences were not officially explained, but again it appears they did not involve any overt, indictable action.

Under the relevant law, which is the emergency regulations, no explanation is needed. It is sufficient that the person served with the order be deemed "dangerous to the security of the state."

For 32 years the retention of these odious regulations, once the instrument of colonialist oppression and betrayal, has been justified by reference to the continuing state of war with the neighbouring Arab states. But their application, however judicious, has been a constant source of uneasiness.

An arbitrary regime could find enough dynamite in them to legally destroy Israel's freedom. That is why the party now in power used to promise, when in opposition, a thorough overhaul of the emergency regulations.

So far, only the law relating to administrative detention has been reformed, and it is a dubious improvement on the old. Ironically the first detainee under it was a Jew. The present sudden upsurge in resort to the original, and unrevised, emergency regulations is a reminder that their reach is, in principle, far and wide, and need not be limited to Arabs.

All democratic countries, Knesset Speaker Berman contended this week, take emergency measures to defend themselves. So they do, when the peacetime legal order is unequal to the task. But this is not the situation in Israel today.

At the Nazareth meeting attended by the two Haifa detainees, the mayor, MK Tewfik Zayyad, delivered an inflammatory speech that gave rise to a demand for the removal of his parliamentary immunity — so that he could stand trial on a charge of sedition. This, however, was turned down, on the evidence of the speech itself, by Attorney-General Zamir.

If such a charge could be made to stick in the cases of Saliba Hamis and Mohammed M'ari, who are not even MKs, they would presumably have been prosecuted. Apparently because it could not, the easy way was taken of confining the two men to their homes.

The four Arab student leaders restricted over the weekend are among these Mr. Beghi (and Mr. Hammer) wants thrown out of their universities for their support of the PLO. One of them, Issam Mahoul, was in fact expelled from Haifa U. for violation of rules. But allowing due process of law to take its course is cumbersome; a short-cut is, simply, shorter.

The same goes for the Iba al-Balad leaders, who are said to advocate Israel's dismantlement. Rather than outlaw their movement, or try them on specific charges of unlawful conduct, the authorities choose to place them under virtual house arrest.

And to what end? Not to defend Israel's freedom, as might be thought, let alone its existence, but to protect Israel's occupation of the West Bank — initially, by reintroducing, through the back door, the obsolete system of military government within the country.

POSTSCRIPTS

ALL SWEDISH are equal, but Inga-Britt Forsell's job is to make sure that none is more equal than anyone else.

This 30-year-old judge has just been appointed Sweden's Equality Ombudsman. And despite Sweden's reputation for egalitarianism, her job is really necessary, according to two recent surveys.

A report by Sweden's Central Bureau of Statistics reveals that even in that liberated land it is still women who do the housework, even when they have a full-time job.

Other main points of the report, which is based on 10,000 interviews, are that women on average are still not as well educated as men, only 61 per cent of women work, compared with 73 per cent of men, women are still given more half-time jobs, there is still no chance for women to work overtime to boost their wages, and if a man and a woman of equal education and experience compete for a top job, nine times out of 10 it will go to the man.

Another report by the government-appointed Equality Commission revealed that in households where both partners had full-time jobs 51 per cent of the women worked 20 hours or more in the home, compared with only 18 per cent of the men.

Ten per cent of the 7,600 women interviewed did more than 40 hours of housework a week. Only 2 per cent of husbands did as much.

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NOT EVERY public official is of fictions: some admit mistakes in their departments, but it is not often that one would go to such steps, so rapidly, to correct a mistake, as in the following case.

A Jerusalemite went to the bank to pay his TV licence fee only to be told that it was two days beyond the deadline. The bank could not accept payment. He went along to the TV dues collection office where he was told he must pay a IL200 fine. He submitted equally to the decree and made out a cheque for IL200.

Two days later he received a phone call from a TV official saying he would like to call on him. He was phoning to make an appointment, he said, as he had come round to them the previous day and they were out. When he arrived, on the second visit, he explained that they had been obliged to pay the fine for late payment. He took out the cheque and handed it over in exchange for one of IL1,000. S.M.S.

ISRAELI TV has learned the truth in the saying: "Hell hath no fury like a woman scorned." TV officials had to apologise to the Israeli Feminist Movement for an item broadcast on the news recently, reporting that feminists had broken out among the delegates at their convention. The feminists immediately complained to the Broadcasting Authority's new ombudsman, Ari Avner, who investigated and found that they were right. TV officials apologised for the error — but a correction was not broadcast. J.S.

TIME
July 14, 1980

★ PALESTINIANS
Rising anger, fading hope
★ THE ARABS ARE COMING
Arab-owned banks

BROFFMAN'S AGENCY LTD.

THE DELINQUENTS OF HISTORY

Jewish and Arab extremists are reinforcing each other's radicalism, writes ALOUPH HAREVEN.

I AM AFRAID of weak Palestinians. I am afraid of them, because the only weapon which the weak can use is their extremism. I am afraid of the weak, for whom extremism is not only a response to a distressing reality, but a creed which they wish to apply, vengefully, to whoever may differ from them. I am afraid of them not because they can do us harm; we can well defend ourselves. I am afraid, because together with the weak, they do form a secret alliance of the intolerant; an alliance in which each side feeds on the images of total rejection provided by the other; images of one society imposing itself forever on the other; of one people claiming all the rights while denying such rights to the other; of one people allowed a history, a land, a language, a community of their own, while the other people are denied them.

I am afraid of weak Palestinians, because in their National Covenant I see reflected as in a mirror, our own Jewish national-religious radicals, who claim that all historical rights in this land belong to Jews, and none to the Palestinian Arabs. Is there indeed any difference between the zealots of Fatah, proclaiming from Damascus their dedication to the creed of all or nothing, and the zealots of Gush Emunim proclaiming themselves the true interpreters of Divine Rights? Probably none.

They share the idolatrous cult of Land and People. They both call on God, faith, history and universal justice to establish their entire right, and total suppression of the rights of others, in this one land. Polarized, radical Jew feeds on radical Palestinian, radical Palestinian feeds on radical Jew, in

a feast where they exchange symbols of total alienation.

And it is alienation, because only the weak, uncertain of their own precarious identity, seek refuge in the absolute. Only the weak project onto an idea what they themselves lack — power and certainty — and then worship the idea as though it were God incarnate in themselves.

I am afraid of weak Palestinians, because I do not believe that they are the majority among their people although the majority appears to follow them. I know most Palestinians share a deep sense of grievance against Israel, nor would I expect them to feel differently. But I know also that most of them are, not unlike ourselves, a restless, sensitive, self-educating, highly ambivalent people; torn between trauma and dream, between the quest of the impossible and the realization that to seek the impossible is to court disaster. I am afraid of weak Palestinians. Like our own radical Israelis, they will immerse society in violence and human sacrifice (which are the consummation of their faith).

THERE IS a conflict about the Right of Return at the heart of these passions. For each side the Right of Return is a dream to be fulfilled, and that same dream is a spectre for the other side. For the utter fulfillment of the Palestinian Right of Return means return to Jaffa and Haifa, just as the utter fulfillment of the Jewish Right of Return means return to Nablus and Hebron. Both returns imply repossession and dispossession. And both arouse simultaneously the thrill of imagined fulfillment and the fear of impending loss. These are the two extremes. The weak in both

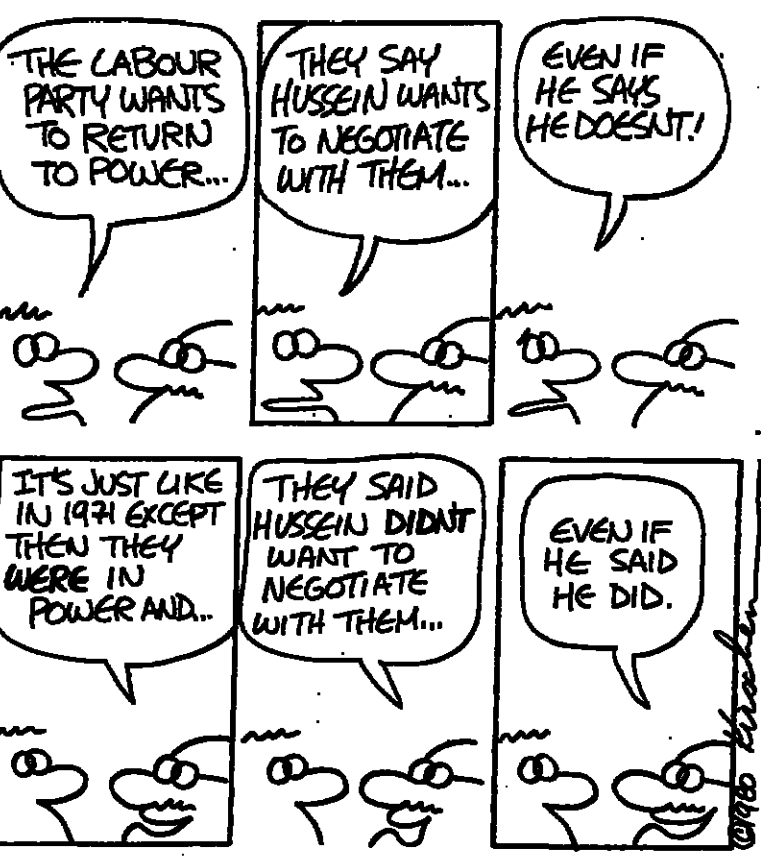
camps would condemn us to live perpetually between the totality of their experienced fantasy and the totality of the nightmare which it evokes.

And yet reality indicates something quite different. There are three to four million Palestinians in the world, and for all the insane fantasies of Jewish extremism they are indestructible; there are nearly four million Israelis, and for all the mad fantasies of Palestinian radicals, they too are indestructible. What remains is the capacity of each society to hurt the other: the capacity of Israel to inflict catastrophic damage on whoever attempts to harm it; and the capacity of the Palestinians to manipulate their Arab brethren into a protracted conflict with Israel. In the long run, neither side will profit from such strategy, and both stand to lose. Neither can win.

Each side must realize that the only solution to this problem is in mutual consent to limit the Right of Return. Not to relinquish it, for one does not relinquish one's history and the memory of one's land. But to limit the fulfillment of the Right. An agreement to limit it would not mean a slackening of one's feelings, or of one's attachment to the land. Nor of one's right of access. It would only mean that the notions of repossession and dispossession would have to be abandoned. It would mean that Jews have to give up their claim to possess Nablus and Hebron, and Palestinians must give up their claim to possess Jaffa and Haifa.

I AM AFRAID of weak Palestinians because this is not a language they speak. And I am afraid of weak

Dry Bones



Israelis, because their seeming savagery may prevent Israeli leaders from speaking the language of conciliation boldly and with imagination (as did President Sadat when he came to Jerusalem). I am afraid of the weak in both camps: their shrillness, their lack of empathy with anyone unlike them, their hysterical posturing, and the callous facility with which they would allow words to license murder.

They make me anxious yet I realize that their essential quality is weakness, not strength. The weak may often disturb the course of history, and the price they exact for their weakness may sometimes be exceedingly painful. Yet they don't determine the eventual purpose of mankind. Rather, they will become the delinquents of history, rejecting the future and regressing

fatally in quest of a past which can never be resurrected.

The world of tomorrow will be made by other people, by those strong and wise enough to know there is no Final Solution to human problems, and that the only enduring solution is to learn to live together with the shared dilemma.

We should be looking for strong Palestinians and for Israelis strong enough to meet their Palestinian counterparts. And although their voices may today be muted — especially among the Palestinians — I do know that their eventual conciliation is nearer than it has been for three generations.

The author, a former director of the Shiloah Centre for Middle Eastern Studies, is at present programme director at the Van Leer Jerusalem Foundation.

READERS' LETTERS

CAMPUS POLITICS

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Haifa University President, Gershon Avner's response to the letter from representatives of the student organization Campus (July 2) contains some critical errors of fact and judgement. I think it important to clear up, primarily because they reflect the misleading image of a large number of Israelis, many of them people of goodwill and intention.

President Avner states that "Campus demands complete freedom of organization of public activity, the contents of which would be public agitation in favour of the policies of the PLO, the putting an end to the Zionist entity and the State of Israel, and support for all terrorist activity which is designated to promote this political aim."

While it is a fair guess that most of the Arab students on campus, like most of the Arab citizens of this state, recognize the PLO as the legitimate representative of the Palestinian people, the Arab Student Union of the University of Haifa has repeatedly affirmed its recognition of the State of Israel, though of course not in its expanded form. These students ask only that Israel acknowledge the parallel right of the Palestinian people to a state of its own in the West Bank and Gaza.

The Arab Student Union and, needless to say, Campus, has also repeatedly, often in writing, repudiated and denounced PLO terrorism.

SCIENCES VERSUS HUMANITIES

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I refer to Dr. Rosalind's letter of June 25 entitled "Survive first." The thrust of the letter is to tax students of the humanities in favour of the sciences since the former are a vital need whereas the latter are luxuries. One must take issue with this since the quality of life is no doubt influenced by the so-called humanities. Perhaps the lack of recognition of the sciences has helped bring us to our present socio-economic state, where everyone derides the materialism, the careerism and similar facets rampant here. Interestingly enough, in the "Business Week" issue of June 30, in a section devoted to the question of "Reindustrialization of America," a completely different thought is presented. The realization is sinking in that teaching specific scientific skills and techniques may not be enough. We need a broader and more basic approach. Let us not deride the foundation of civilization for short-term gains. Knowledge, even for knowledge's sake alone is important. We might attribute the staying power of the Jew, as a Jew, in part to this.

HAARON EDEN
Tel Aviv.

THE BLACK HEBREWS

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Yosef Goell's article of July 1 correctly sizes up the future dangers to Israel should we adopt the Glass Committee's recommendations that we accord the Black Hebrews legality; that we erect settlement for them; that we eventually accord them Israeli citizenship.

We have every legal right to forcibly evict illegal immigrants, the more so, a group that threatens us with blackmail, that illegally practices polygamy, that teaches that they are the only real Hebrews while we are spurious Hebrews. We have an overabundance of pro-

blem, so why import a racial problem and welcome a fifth column upon our children's children? The Black Hebrews are not the welcome N.A.A.C.P. type of Blacks, nor even the not too welcome Rev. Jackson, the leader of Blacks, both of whom are not unhappy to get rid of their Black Hebrews. Black Liberator gave them the boot, so they infiltrated by subterfuge into little Israel. Must we be holier than the Liberians?

Consign the Glass Committee's recommendations where they rightfully belong — in the dustbin.

BENJAMIN L. HILLSON
Herzliya.

Prof. WILLIAM FREEDMAN
Haifa.

THE ZIM 1979 REPORT

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — "An excellent financial result" is how you qualify the profit of IL236 million declared by Zim for the year 1979, in your issue of June 17.

Among the many figures quoted by you from the report, the one and only one relevant to profit, i.e. the capital employed to produce that profit, is missing: it is therefore hard to judge whether this enthusiastic comment is justified or not. Supposing, however, that the value of Zim's fleet runs into hundreds of millions of dollars, a profit of the size mentioned appears small indeed, and in view of the constant devaluation of the dollar, may well represent a loss in real terms.

I suggest that reports on the activities of financial enterprises concentrate less on turn-over figures which have a limited bearing on the soundness of a business, and tell the interested public more about the profit/capital ratio and the earnings per share.

A. MARKUS
Tel Aviv.

THE WAR OF THE TOMATOES

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I wish to take issue with the statement of Professor U. Kafkafi of the Volcani Centre in his letter of June 16. Professor Kafkafi asserted that:

1. Peretz tomato development was dependent on assistance from the research and development facilities of the Southern Project.

2. Peretz line fruit has not proved to be economically viable.

3. The R & D of the Southern Project has developed a new line of glasshouse tomatoes which are of a better quality than the Peretz tomato and only need as much support as given the Peretz tomato to create "a huge export of glasshouse tomatoes."

Six years ago, as a new immigrant, I settled on the first moshav to be based on the production of high quality glasshouse tomatoes for export. At that time, the "Peretz tomato" was already in existence. This predated the establishment of the R & D facilities of the Southern Project by some three years. Indeed it would be far more accurate to argue that, without the assistance of Eddie Peretz, the R & D facilities of the Southern Project would not have been established than to assert, as does Kafkafi, that these facilities had a role in creating the Peretz tomato.

Regarding the economic viability of the Peretz tomato, for years we have known how to produce a product whose sale on European markets should have yielded sufficient to supply a family with a very satisfactory yearly income. The problem has been the existence of a marketing system designed to administer subsidies to uneconomical agricultural enterprises rather than generate income through the efficient export and sale of Israeli farm products abroad. As a consequence, the grower who produced tomatoes that were unsuitable for the European market was given a cash bonus while the grower who produced tomatoes that were in great demand abroad suffered financial penalties. The more unsuitable for European markets a grower could make his tomatoes, the greater were his cash rewards from the marketing system. Conversely, the more a grower produced tomatoes that were in de-

mand in Europe, the more he was penalized financially. In short, growers of Peretz tomatoes were not being paid in relation to what their produce was selling for abroad.

As this situation has been corrected gradually over time, the income of Peretz tomato growers has risen. Today it has become a financially attractive alternative to growers in this area. Indeed, if we are to accept the evidence of the thousands of farmers demonstrating at the Knesset, it is the traditional farming unit of the type proposed for the Pithat Shalom area which has proved to be economically unviable.

Finally, regarding the new line of tomatoes developed by Professor Kafkafi's organization, this is the third in a series of miracle tomatoes that have been foisted upon the long-suffering glasshouse

tomato growers. Each has been preceded by the same sort of this-is-the-way-of-the-future fanfare and each has been a financial disaster. Whether or not this third try will prove successful remains to be seen. However it is interesting that Professor Kafkafi on the one hand writes "to avoid disappointment to the settlers, development must continue cautiously, carefully and at an exponential rate" while on the other hand, he talks about basing the creation of "a huge export of glasshouse tomatoes" on a tomato variety which has by no means shown itself to be free of problems at the growing stage and most important not one single kilo of which has been sold on the European market as a separate variety in order to determine its true value in the market place.

EPHRAIM PERLMUTTER
Moshav Sde Nitza

PARLOUS STATE OF RELIGIOUS LEADERSHIP

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — It would appear that the parlous state into which Israeli political life has degenerated is equalled only by its religious leadership portrayed by its Ashkenazi Chief Rabbi.

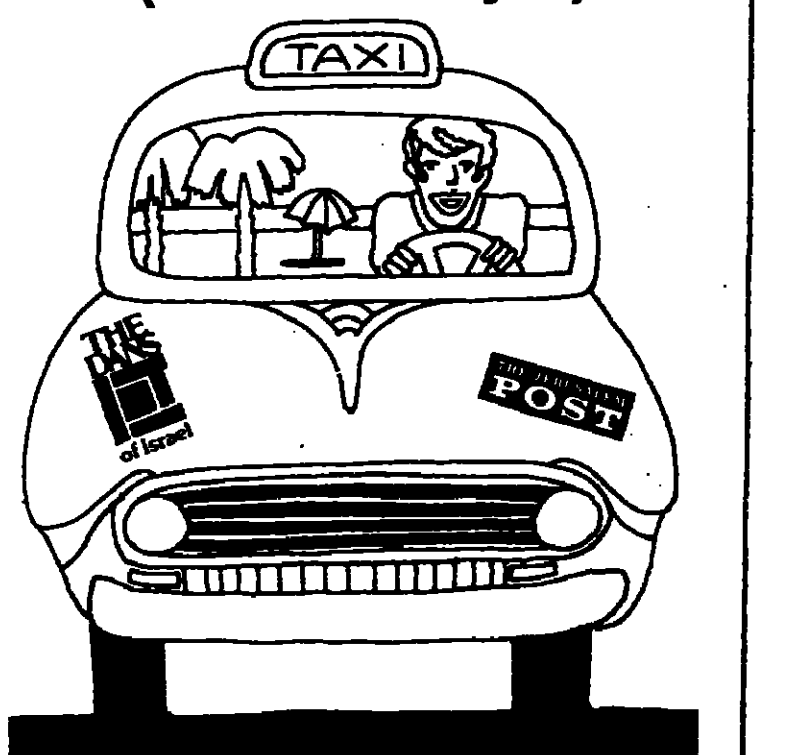
Without having had any confirmation of alleged statements by Britain's Chief Rabbi Jakobovits, the gallant Rabbi Goren charged into battle, and even when a denial was issued in London by Rabbi Jakobovits, no attempt was made by Rabbi Goren's office to withhold their criticism. In fact your report (June 25) states that the attack on

Rabbi Jakobovits was made in full knowledge of, and despite the denial.

Just how can we expect unity amongst our own people if authorities like Chief Rabbi Goren hasten to accept and believe the statement of an Arab journalist in an anti-Israeli newspaper in preference to that of a rabbinical colleague whose dedication to Israel and whose belief in the centrality of Jerusalem in its life has been manifested time and time again?

DAVID HAMBURGER
Netanya

NA'IM M'OD
(nice to meet you)



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